

1996-97 Louisiana Progress Profiles

District Composite Report

Monroe City

Published March 1998

Prepared by the
Louisiana Department of Education
Office of Management and Finance
Division of Planning, Analysis, and Information Resources

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The passage of the Children First Act in 1988 ushered in a new generation of analysis and research about the overall quality and condition of education in Louisiana. As the national reform of education continues to evolve, Louisiana is steadfast in its commitment to quality education and school accountability.

Progress Profiles (*School Report Cards*, *District Composite Reports*, and the *State Report*) provide information about schools to parents and the general public, provide a basis for educational planning, and increase educational accountability at all levels. By providing policy makers, parents, and other interested citizens valuable information on the inputs, processes, and outcomes of public education, these documents also offer a valuable resource for advancing school improvement.

The Progress Profiles Program, which is administered by the Louisiana Department of Education (LDE), Office of Management and Finance, Division of Planning, Analysis and Information Resources, was founded on the premise that educational improvement is most successful when parents, school staff, and policy makers have access to accurate information on a wide range of factors believed to influence student learning. The indicators included in the *Progress Profiles* were carefully selected because they:

- have been demonstrated through school effectiveness research to be related to student learning;
- represent key features of schooling that can be influenced by parents, school staff, and policy makers, and thus are useful for school improvement purposes; and
- yield the maximum amount of accurate and essential information possible without posing undue reporting burdens at either the school or district level.

To offer the most comprehensive overview possible and serve the specific needs of varied audiences, three levels of reporting are provided.

1. *School Report Cards* are tailored to the needs of parents and the general public. For 1996-97, *Report Cards* were produced for **1,413 of 1,447** public elementary, middle/junior high, high, and combination schools statewide.
2. *District Composite Reports* are produced for all 66 Louisiana public school districts. The most detailed and comprehensive of the three levels of reporting, these reports offer local and state-level policy makers longitudinal data.
3. The *Louisiana Progress Profiles State Report* is best suited to the needs of the general reader because it provides a succinct overview of the major characteristics of Louisiana education based on *School Report Card* findings.

“Any effort to improve schools must be designed to meet the goal of creating an active, thinking curriculum in specific disciplines, and success should be judged by whether increasing numbers of students reach agreed-upon performance standards.”

—Bill Honig

Phi Delta Kappan, June 1994

Purpose of the *District Composite Report*

The purpose of the *District Composite Report* is to provide information relevant to the condition of education in Louisiana. This report provides detailed longitudinal information on various indicators as well as analysis of data where feasible. It serves as an effective tool to aid policy makers and district administrators in identifying opportunities for school improvement.

Organization of This Report

The summary tables following this introduction offer district-level information for all indicators. In addition to quick-reference tables at the front of this report, district socioeconomic and demographic data are provided to aid readers. Financial information is included to give a more complete picture of Louisiana school districts.

The remainder of the report is organized into five parts, each encompassing a series of related educational indicators.

- *Part 1. District Summary.* School performance is influenced by community socioeconomic characteristics and by the level of local financial support for public education. Part I therefore presents parish (as opposed to district) demographic and socioeconomic indicators ranging from household income distribution and teen pregnancy rate to district revenue, expenditures, and average teacher salaries. District summary tables of all *Profile* indicators also are provided in Part 1.
- *Part 2. School Characteristics.* The context within which students are educated and the level of educational resources available to them impact learning. Part II focuses on key educational “inputs” and resources at the school level, i.e., the size of the student body and faculty, the school’s category (e.g., elementary schools, middle schools, etc.), class sizes, and the academic preparation of faculty.
- *Part 3. Student Participation.* For students to receive an education, they must first have the opportunity to learn; thus, the extent to which students are present and actively engaged in schooling is of vital importance (Oakes, 1989). Part 3 presents

three indicators that provide some measure of student participation: attendance, suspensions/expulsions, and dropouts.

- *Part 4. Student Achievement.* Part 4 reports two commonly cited school-level outputs: student performance on 1) criterion-referenced tests (CRTs), which measure student performance on state-prescribed curricula, and 2) norm-referenced tests (NRTs), which indicate how Louisiana students compare with other students nationally. The CRT results reported on the *Report Cards* are based on student performance on Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) tests administered at the third, fifth, and seventh grade levels and on the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE), which is administered in grades 10 and 11. The NRT results, which are also part of LEAP, reflect student performance in grades 4, 6, and 8 on the California Achievement Test (CAT/5).
- *Part 5. College Readiness.* One goal of elementary-secondary schooling is to ensure that those students seeking an advanced education are adequately prepared for college. The *School Report Cards* present two indicators of college readiness: 1) student performance on the American College Test (ACT), a national test commonly used for college placement purposes, and 2) the percentage of high school graduates who take remedial courses as first-time college freshmen.

Each indicator presented in this report is introduced by a brief narrative, organized as follows:

- an introduction to the indicator and its significance in the study and/or promotion of student learning;
- a description of how data are organized in the accompanying table(s);
- a description of how data appear in the *School Report Cards*;
- definitions of key terms, where applicable;
- formulas/equations used to calculate statistics, where applicable; and

-
- the source(s) of the data presented.

A glossary at the end of this report provides operational definitions for key terms.

School Categorization

The mission, organizational structure, and outcomes of schooling vary depending on the level of instruction (i.e., elementary, middle, etc.) (Levine & Lezotte, 1990). In recognition of this, the Profiles Program began in 1993-94 to group schools into four reporting categories based on level of schooling: elementary, middle/junior high, high, and combination (i.e., K-12).

Category comparison statistics are presented by district and for the state as a whole for those indicators that are not reported by grade level; these include class size, attendance, suspension, and expulsion. This homogeneous grouping of schools by level of instruction fosters probably the fairest comparisons; however, district- and state-wide comparison statistics also are provided.

Note: Category comparison statistics are provided for only those indicators that are reported at the school level. There are no category statistics for the testing and dropout indicators, which are reported by grade level and therefore have even greater comparability than those performance data that are reported by category.

All schools receiving 1996-97 School Report Cards are placed into one of four categories:

- *elementary*—any school whose grade structure falls within the range PK-8 and excludes grades 9-12.
- *middle/junior high*—any school whose grade structure falls within the range 4-9, includes grades 7 or 8, and excludes grades PK-3 and 10-12.

- *high*—any school whose grade structure falls within the range 6-12 and includes grades 10-12, or any school that contains only grade 9.
- *combination*—any school whose grade structure falls within the range PK-12 and is not described by any of the above definitions. These schools generally contain some grades in the K-6 range and some grades in the 9-12 range. Examples would include grade structures such as K-12; K-3, 9-12; and 4-6, 9-12.

If a school has been re-categorized due to a change in grade structure, that school's longitudinal data will appear in more than one category. For example, if Central High School had grades 9-12 from 1990-91 through 1992-93, its longitudinal data for those years would appear in the high school category. If Central High School became a K-12 school in 1993-94, its data in 1993-94 and thereafter would appear in the combination school category.

As a convenience to readers, the data tables that are organized by category are cross-referenced. In the above example, the high school category data would refer readers interested in Central High's longitudinal performance to the combination category data and vice versa.

Demographic Indicators Associated With Educational Attainment

Research has shown that demographic and socioeconomic variables affect student achievement. An analysis of the background characteristics of the student population places the school performance indicators in their broader context and helps shed light on the degree of difficulty that certain school districts or states experience in educating their particular student populations. In other words, inclusion of the demographic indicators in Part 1 provides a context for interpretation of the outcomes.

The *District Composite Report* presents the following socioeconomic and demographic information at the parish (not district), state and national levels:

- education attainment,
- labor force breakdown,
- household income distribution,
- population by race,
- single parent households,
- all persons living below the poverty level, and
- teen pregnancy rate.

The data are supplied by the U.S. Bureau of the Census and the Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals.

District Financial Overview

There are many factors which contribute to the overall profile of a school district. Financial information is one of the vital factors which are part of that profile. Inclusion of this information in Part 1 helps the reader understand how a public school district functions, and it provides additional context for the interpretation of educational indicators.

Longitudinal Analysis: Tracking School Progress Over Time

By law, the Progress Profiles Program is required to present six years of data (the current year and the five previous years.) These longitudinal school-level data are presented in the *District Composite Report*. Each year, the *Composite Reports* are updated by adding the most current year's data and deleting the data that are more than six years old. The *School Report Cards* and *Progress Profiles State Report*, on the other hand, present only the most current year of data so that parents and policy makers who want a very concise and current snapshot of education performance need not wade through voluminous amounts of information.

Incorporating longitudinal data in the *District Composite Report* enables policy makers to anticipate changes in educational outcomes, not just describe them (Smith, 1988). However, longitudinal reporting does complicate the presentation of data. To assist policy

makers in interpreting data, tables in the *District Composite Report* have been formatted as follows:

1. *Cross-sectional data* (i.e., for any given year) are presented vertically in columns. School-to-school comparisons can be made within any given year by scanning up and down columns.
2. *Longitudinal data* are presented horizontally in rows. An individual school's progress on any single variable can be charted over time by scanning left-to-right across columns.
3. Schools are listed in *sequential order*, based on school site code and school category.
4. The 1995-96 and 1996-97 data are shaded as a reminder that 1995-96 was the first year that *Progress Profiles* data were extracted from the Student Information System (SIS), establishing a new baseline year for *Profiles* reporting purposes. **Comparisons between the 1995-96 and subsequent year to previous years' data are strongly discouraged (see box on next page).**

All longitudinal tracking of individual schools should be conducted with caution. Because schools, like other organizations, are constantly evolving, a school's name and/or grade configuration may change over time. Such changes may or may not signal a major change in the character of the school.

To facilitate longitudinal tracking of individual schools, the six-digit site codes that the LDE assigns to all public schools have been included in all tables. Barring a major change in grade structure at a school, these site codes remain constant over time and therefore are much more reliable identifiers than the school name itself.

In some instances, longitudinal data on a specific indicator are not available for every site due to school openings, closings, and/or reorganizations. Occasionally, an entire indicator may be added. For example, first-time college freshmen data were added to the *Report Cards* in 1992-93. In instances such as these, the tilde symbol (~) represents "unavailable data."

Data sometimes are not strictly comparable from one year to the next due to changes in reporting periods and data sources or to revisions in indicator definitions. In these instances, the data are footnoted to alert the reader to use caution in drawing longitudinal comparisons.

1995-96 Was A New Baseline Year Comparisons With Prior Years Data Are Strongly Discouraged

Special caution is urged in comparing 1995-96 and 1996-97 performance information to data from prior years because the Progress Profiles Program underwent two major changes in 1995.

1. **All 1995-96 and 1996-97 Student Participation data (i.e., attendance, suspensions/expulsions, and dropouts), some School Characteristics data (i.e., October 1 membership), and some College Readiness data (i.e., graduates) were taken from the student-level Student Information System (SIS).** The SIS data are much more detailed and more precisely defined than the aggregated data collected in prior years. They are not comparable, however, to the school summary data reported prior to 1995-96.
2. **All Student Participation indicators and most Achievement Indicators (i.e., norm- and criterion-referenced test results) have been expanded to include both regular and special education students.** In previous years, these indicators were limited to regular education students.

As a special caution to readers, the columns of 1995-96 and 1996-97 data are shaded. Data from prior years are presented only for the convenience of readers whose information needs are more historical than comparative.

The Challenge: Accurate and Reliable Reporting

Measurement is a process involving both theoretical as well as empirical considerations. Most assuredly, research based on the inadequate measurement of indicators does not result in a greater understanding of the particular indicator (Carmines and Zeller, 1979). Though it is widely recognized that the best educational policy is made when officials have access to accurate information, the use of inaccurate or unreliable data is more dangerous than no information at all. Recognizing this, every effort has been made to ensure the reliability and validity of the data reported on the *Progress Profiles*. Toward that end, LDE and district staff examine each indicator through a meticulous data correction and verification process.

The Progress Profiles Program has grown substantially over the past six years. The LDE has executed an elaborate process for data verification and analysis to ensure that quality is an intrinsic part of each *Progress Profiles* report.

Satisfying the Need for Analysis

Though all states have some form of educational performance indicator system, the criticism is often heard that too few do anything with the data. “The missing ingredient in most education indicator systems is analysis,” notes Allen Odden. “Analysis is critical; it makes sense of the data, explores relationships among the inputs, processes, and outputs of the educational system, and makes policy recommendations for change” (Odden, 1990).

In keeping with national trends toward supplementing educational indicator systems with policy-relevant analysis, LDE staff research the relationships among various *Report Card* indicators and explore their utility as predictors of student performance. The results of some analyses are presented in shaded boxes accompanying the narrative introduction to each indicator.

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LDE research offers statistical support for what teachers and other educators have long assumed: schools that display the highest level of student achievement are schools with a high percentage of student attendance, a low percentage of students suspended, and a low percentage of student dropouts (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

Part 1. District Summary

Parish Socioeconomic And Demographic Overview	1-1
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Parish Socioeconomic And Demographic Overview

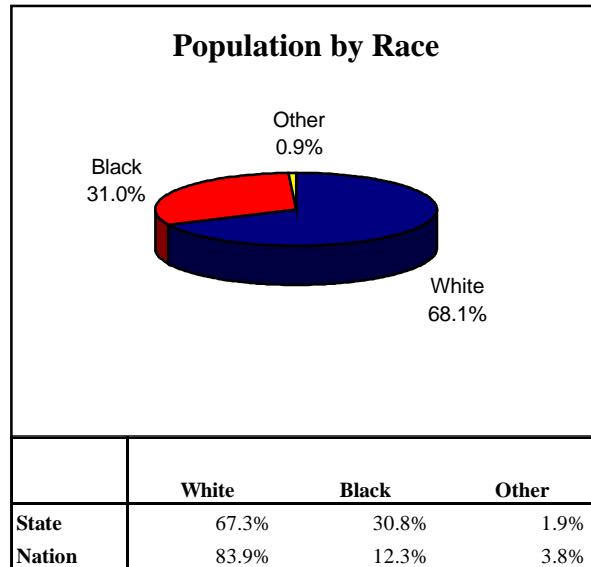
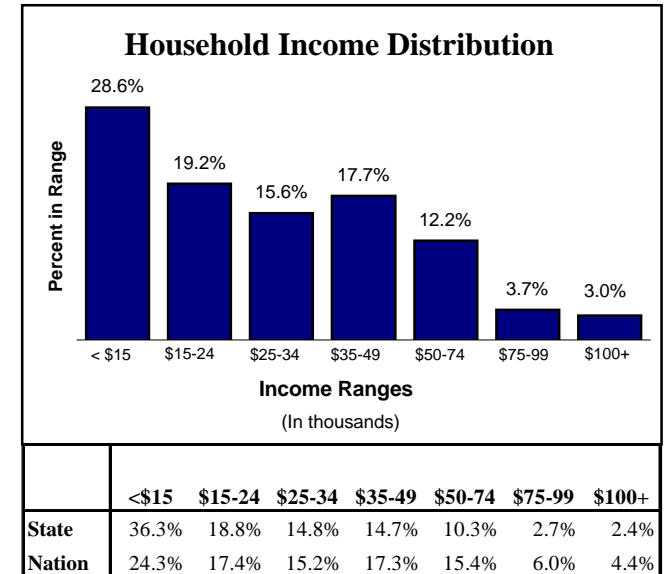
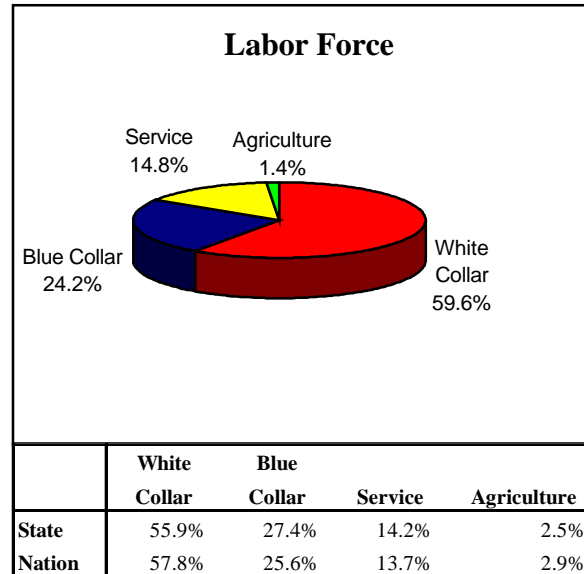
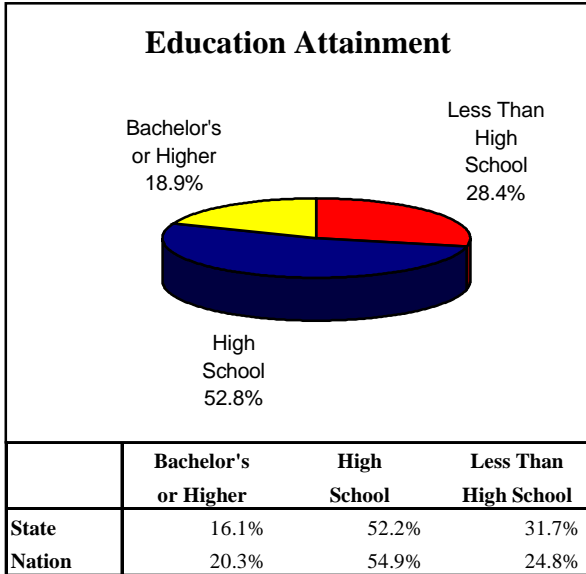
The socioeconomic and demographic composition of the parish may shed light on household situations and thus the educational system of a school district. Issues such as income, poverty rate, single parent households, and teen pregnancy affect family function, which is strongly linked to achievement. This section examines state- and national-level information for each parish socioeconomic and demographic indicator presented.

Definitions

- *Education Attainment*—is divided into three levels:
 1. Less than high school degree: includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who are not enrolled in school and are not high school graduates.
 2. High school degree: includes persons whose highest degree is a high school diploma or its equivalent and those who have attempted some college or have received an associate degree. Persons who completed the twelfth grade but did not receive a diploma are not included.
 3. Bachelor's degree or higher: includes those persons who have received a college, university, or professional degree.
- *Labor Force*—is divided into four categories:
 1. White collar: includes persons with executive, administrative, and managerial occupations; professional specialty occupations; technicians and related support occupations; sales occupations; and administrative support occupations, including clerical.
 2. Blue collar: includes persons with precision production, craft, and repair occupations; transportation and material moving occupations; positions held by machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors; and positions held by handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.
 3. Service: includes persons with private household occupations, protective service occupations, and other service occupations.
 4. Agriculture: includes persons who perform farming, forestry, and fishing industry jobs.
- *Household Income Distribution*—is divided into seven major groups. The annual income range begins with below \$15,000 and ends with \$100,000 and above.
- *Population by Race*—is divided into three major groups, white, black, and “other.” The “other” category consists of Native Americans and Asian/Pacific Islanders. It should be noted that, according to the 1990 Bureau of Census data, Hispanic origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race and are therefore included in the categories of white, black, and “other.”
- *Single Parent Household Rate*—is the number of single parent households divided by the total number of households.
- *Poverty Threshold*—is revised to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. According to the 1990 Bureau of the Census data, the average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674.
- *Teen Pregnancy Rate*—is the total number of teenage girls under the age of 19 divided by the total number of pregnant women.

Ouachita Parish Socioeconomic and Demographic Overview

As each school district works toward its educational vision and goals, social and economic factors within the parish may directly or indirectly affect the educational experience of students. An overview of the relevant demographic and socioeconomic profile of each parish places the education indicator data presented in this report in the proper context. These data provide a socioeconomic and demographic profile of the parish as a whole, not the public school district.



Other Relevant Statistics			
	Parish	State	Nation
Single Parent Households	19.9%	19.1%	14.8%
All Persons Living Below Poverty Level	24.7%	23.6%	13.5%
Teen Pregnancy Rate	19.9%	17.6%	12.8%

Source: US Bureau of Census, 1990
Vital Statistics, 1990-91 (Louisiana Department of Health & Hospitals)

District Financial Overview

Financial information broadens the understanding of how public school districts function and provides additional context for the interpretation of educational indicators. The two major components of the financial information are revenues and expenditures.

Definitions

- **Revenues**—are governmental funds appropriated for public education. Revenues are received from four main sources:
 1. **Local:** monies collected directly by a district through taxes (ad valorem, sales, and use taxes), bonds, revenues from other local government units, tuition, transportation fees, earnings of investments, food service, and community service.
 2. **State:** monies received from the state government through Louisiana's Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula, grants-in-aid, and specific programs such as the Early Childhood Program.
 3. **Federal:** monies received from the federal government through a variety of programs such as Title I, Impact Aid Fund, Reserve Officer Training Corps Program (ROTC), Headstart Programs, School Food Service, Adult Basic Education, and Special Education.
 4. **District revenues per pupil:** total revenues divided by the adjusted October 1 funded student membership.
- **Expenditures**—are charges incurred, whether paid or unpaid, which benefit the current fiscal year. Total expenditures include the following categories:*
- 1. **Instructional Expenditures:** monies spent for classroom instruction, pupil support, and instructional staff support.

2. **Non-instructional expenditures:** monies spent for school administration, business services, operations and maintenance, transportation, food services, enterprises, and community services.
3. **Facility Acquisition & Construction Services:** monies spent for activities concerned with acquiring land and buildings, remodeling buildings, constructing buildings and additions to buildings, initially installing or extending service systems and other built-in equipment, and improving sites.
4. **District expenditures per pupil:** total expenditures minus debt service divided by the adjusted October 1 funded membership.

Additional items frequently of interest to the public are *average salary of full-time teachers* and *beginning teacher salary*. Average salary calculations include full-time classroom teachers and librarians; special education teachers, aides, guidance counselors, and part-time teachers are not included. *Beginning teacher salary* is defined as the salary paid to a new teacher with a bachelor's degree and no experience. This information is different from *average salary of full-time teachers*, which is an average of all teachers' salaries in the district.

Note: Some districts' financial data may be adjusted after the publication of this report due to audits. The financial information in this section is based on the December 1, 1997, figures provided by the Office of Management and Finance, LDE.

* Debt service and other long-term obligations are not included in expenditure figures because these monies provide services during multiple years and should not be attributed to only one year.

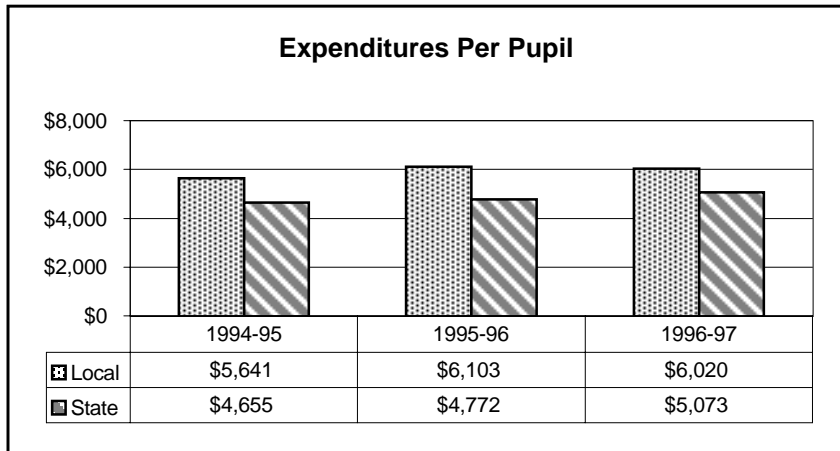
Monroe City Financial Profile

District Revenue by Source									
Revenue Source	1994-95			1995-96			1996-97		
	Amount	% of District Total	State Average %	Amount	% of District Total	State Average %	Amount	% of District Total	State Average %
Local	\$18,666,521	37.3%	35.2%	\$23,470,371	42.6%	36.8%	\$22,704,076	40.2%	37.4%
State	\$23,703,005	47.3%	52.8%	\$23,412,451	42.5%	50.9%	\$25,557,701	45.3%	50.8%
Federal	\$7,738,415	15.4%	12.1%	\$8,229,999	14.9%	12.3%	\$8,212,621	14.5%	11.8%
Total	\$50,107,941	100.0%	100.0%	\$55,112,821	100.0%	100.0%	\$56,474,398	100.0%	100.0%

Adjusted October 1 Student Membership		
1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
10,333	10,756	10,753

Revenues Per Pupil			
	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
Local	\$4,849	\$5,124	\$5,252
State Average	\$4,848	\$4,981	\$5,296

Teacher Salaries			
Year	Local Beginning Salary	Local Average Salary	State Average Salary
1994-95	\$20,744	\$24,654	\$26,566
1995-96	\$20,544	\$24,656	\$26,800
1996-97	\$21,594	\$28,986	\$29,025



District Expenditures by Category									
Expenditure Category	1994-95			1995-96			1996-97		
	Amount	% of District Total	State Average %	Amount	% of District Total	State Average %	Amount	% of District Total	State Average %
Instructional Expenditures	\$34,319,456	71.0%	68.1%	\$34,391,924	70.9%	68.0%	\$34,079,091	70.0%	68.2%
Non-Instructional Expenditures	\$13,989,519	29.0%	31.9%	\$14,101,030	29.1%	32.0%	\$14,637,308	30.0%	31.8%
Subtotal	\$48,308,975	100.0%	100.0%	\$48,492,954	100.0%	100.0%	\$48,716,399	100.0%	100.0%
Facility Acquisition & Construction Services	\$9,982,704			\$17,151,968			\$16,017,090		
Total Expenditures (excluding debt services)	\$58,291,679			\$65,644,922			\$64,733,489		

Notes:

1. District financial data may be adjusted as a result of audits conducted by the Louisiana Department of Education.
2. Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.
3. Revenue per pupil and operating expenditure per pupil are based on adjusted October 1 funded student membership.

District Indicator Summary Results

School Characteristics

Schools in Monroe City					
1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
10,941	10,825	10,727	10,956	10,668	10,674
727	727	708	696	732	703

Schools in Monroe City

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher											
1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
47.24	342	47.10	341	48.59	344	50.43	351	50.14	367	51.92	365

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

Class Size Characteristics for Grades K-12											
1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
~	~	~	~	38.80	168	28.38	105	26.11	88	18.61	59
~	~	~	~	51.27	222	56.49	209	64.39	217	61.83	196
~	~	~	~	9.93	43	15.14	56	9.50	32	19.56	62
~	~	~	~	33.33	121	39.44	127	51.28	200	38.66	133
~	~	~	~	34.16	124	35.71	115	35.13	137	39.24	135
~	~	~	~	32.51	118	24.84	80	13.59	53	22.09	76
~	~	~	~	37.50	252	32.48	190	30.07	181	26.12	158
~	~	~	~	33.48	225	38.63	226	40.03	241	37.52	227
~	~	~	~	29.02	195	28.89	169	29.90	180	36.36	220
33.26	471	37.96	550	36.85	541	33.05	422	35.29	469	27.65	350
42.66	604	39.75	576	38.90	571	43.07	550	44.77	595	44.08	558
24.08	341	22.29	323	24.25	356	23.88	305	19.94	265	28.28	358

Class Size Characteristics for Grades K-12

Elementary Schools

Middle/Jr. High Schools

High Schools

All Schools

~ = Unavailable Data

District Indicator Summary Results

Student Participation

		Student Attendance					
		1991-92	1992-93 ¹	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96 ²	1996-97
Percent of Student Attendance							
<i>Elementary Schools</i>		~	~	94.19	95.23	95.12	95.81
<i>Middle/Jr. High Schools</i>		~	~	90.19	91.09	89.61	89.71
<i>High Schools</i>		~	~	91.15	89.15	87.72	86.95
<i>All Schools</i>		93.27	92.71	92.70	93.06	92.25	92.47

		Student Dropouts											
		1991-92		1992-93 ³		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
Student Dropouts													
Grade 7		2.40	22	1.47	12	3.02	26	0.67	6	4.51	43	2.77	26
Grade 8		0.43	3	1.64	11	2.09	14	0.67	6	3.58	29	3.06	25
Grade 9		6.04	49	9.70	78	9.29	79	7.63	75	9.09	106	16.02	178
Grade 10		5.99	35	7.18	46	6.76	39	3.73	28	7.64	55	13.52	106
Grade 11		5.25	29	5.19	27	5.57	32	3.98	24	7.46	58	12.39	85
Grade 12		2.16	10	4.51	22	4.38	20	2.96	22	8.57	51	11.15	73

¹ A standard attendance definition was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

³ In 1992-93, Louisiana was in transition to the federal reporting calendar; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

District Indicator Summary Results

Student Participation (Continued)

Students Suspended and Expelled													
		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96 ¹		1996-97	
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Students Suspended and Expelled													
<i>Elementary Schools</i>													
Suspended (In School)		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.63	41
Suspended (Out of School)		~	~	~	~	3.68	222	2.03	135	2.95	210	3.83	250
Expelled (In School)		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)		~	~	~	~	0.02	1	0.05	3	0.00	0	0.08	5
<i>Middle/Jr. High Schools</i>													
Suspended (In School)		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.78	14
Suspended (Out of School)		~	~	~	~	19.86	304	11.59	208	6.16	111	10.28	185
Expelled (In School)		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)		~	~	~	~	0.78	12	0.45	8	0.67	12	0.83	15
<i>High Schools</i>													
Suspended (In School)		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.53	144
Suspended (Out of School)		~	~	~	~	18.02	443	11.23	346	7.32	236	8.38	266
Expelled (In School)		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)		~	~	~	~	0.57	14	0.45	14	0.34	11	0.35	11
<i>All Schools</i>													
Suspended (In School)		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.73	199
Suspended (Out of School)		9.96	1,018	9.38	927	9.66	969	5.99	689	4.59	557	6.11	701
Expelled (In School)		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)		0.19	19	0.19	19	0.27	27	0.22	25	0.19	23	0.27	31

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

District Indicator Summary Results

Student Achievement

		Percent of Students Passing CRT and Number of Students Tested											
		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96¹		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results - Grade 03													
	Language Arts	93	750	89	782	91	813	87	750	90	791	90	816
	Mathematics	91	747	89	782	88	812	85	748	89	790	90	814
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results - Grade 05													
	Language Arts	90	791	88	742	86	685	86	668	88	716	89	731
	Mathematics	90	788	91	741	88	683	90	666	89	714	90	719
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results - Grade 07													
	Language Arts	87	709	82	717	84	697	85	638	87	640	86	658
	Mathematics	76	708	74	714	73	691	76	640	75	627	76	659
Graduation Exit Exam (GEE) Results													
	Language Arts	86	508	85	566	82	512	84	586	78	557	72	526
	Mathematics	84	500	80	576	72	519	72	584	62	555	63	526
	Written Composition	74	494	83	553	82	491	94	574	92	536	90	507
	Science	83	452	76	469	86	484	72	462	70	543	68	473
	Social Studies	87	451	86	466	76	489	78	457	81	547	77	473

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

District Indicator Summary Results

Student Achievement (Continued)

		Percent of Students by National Quarters and Median Percentile Rank California Achievement Test (CAT/5)					
		1991-92	1992-93 ²	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96 ¹	1996-97
Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 04							
	Fourth Quarter	~	17.3	19.3	19.8	19.0	20.2
	Third Quarter	~	25.3	24.8	27.3	26.1	27.1
	Second Quarter	~	30.3	28.9	28.5	30.1	31.1
	First Quarter	~	27.0	27.0	24.3	24.8	21.7
	Median Percentile Rank	~	43.8	44.3	48.4	47.4	48.6
Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 06							
	Fourth Quarter	~	13.9	17.8	16.9	20.1	21.1
	Third Quarter	~	21.5	25.2	25.9	22.0	28.8
	Second Quarter	~	41.1	37.3	37.5	37.4	34.1
	First Quarter	~	23.6	19.7	19.7	20.5	16.0
	Median Percentile Rank	~	40.6	46.2	45.9	45.5	50.2
Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 08							
	Fourth Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	12.2
	Third Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	22.5
	Second Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	35.4
	First Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	29.9
	Median Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	39.2

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

² In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years data are not presented.

~ = Unavailable Data

District Indicator Summary Results

College Readiness

American College Test (ACT) Results					
1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
Average Composite Score	18.1	17.9	17.5	17.4	17.8

First-time College Freshmen Performance											
1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
Number of High School Graduates ¹	~	420	443	426	430	537					
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	~	46.90	197	39.28	174	43.66	186	47.21	203	34.26	184
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	~	61.93	122	58.62	102	58.06	108	54.19	110	69.56	128

¹ Represents graduates from the previous school year.

~ = Unavailable Data

Part 2. School Characteristics

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher.....	2-5
Class Size Characteristics	2-7

Table 1
Schools in Monroe City

		1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
065001	Benton, Lida, School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	415	392	364	359	339	334
	Number of Faculty	33	31	28	27	28	26
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065002	Carroll High School						
	Grade Structure	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12	9-12	9-12
	October 1 Membership	681	686	674	680	878	909
	Number of Faculty	54	56	54	58	54	53
	Category	~	~	High	High	High	High
065003	Carroll Junior High School						
	Grade Structure	7-8,S	7-8,S	7-8,S	7-8	7-8	7-8
	October 1 Membership	468	475	516	468	443	434
	Number of Faculty	44	42	40	44	46	47
	Category	~	~	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High
065004	Carver Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	360	373	375	424	369	384
	Number of Faculty	29	26	26	25	30	29
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065005	Clark, J.S., Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	596	610	495	502	468	477
	Number of Faculty	49	47	40	40	42	43
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065006	Faulk, Barkdull, Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	332	334	333	361	360	337
	Number of Faculty	24	24	26	24	25	26
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065007	Hall, Clara, Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	495	467	485	492	426	468
	Number of Faculty	31	33	33	33	33	31
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary

~ = Unavailable Data S = Special Education P = Pre-kindergarten NG = Nongraded

Table 1
Schools in Monroe City

		1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
065008	Humble, Sallie, Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,NG,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	600	574	576	567	534	530
	Number of Faculty	46	42	44	41	42	43
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065009	Jefferson, Thomas, Junior High School						
	Grade Structure	7-8,S	7-8,S	7-8,S	7-8	7-8,NG	7-8
	October 1 Membership	655	695	671	632	632	616
	Number of Faculty	42	44	42	36	48	41
	Category	~	~	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High
065010	Jones, Berg, Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6,NG	K-6,NG
	October 1 Membership	651	602	618	628	626	645
	Number of Faculty	41	42	38	38	39	41
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065011	Lee, Robert E., Junior High School						
	Grade Structure	7-8,S	7-8,S	7-8,S	7-8	7-8	7-8
	October 1 Membership	581	583	533	487	495	479
	Number of Faculty	48	48	47	45	45	44
	Category	~	~	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High
065012	Lexington Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	619	564	476	445	399	405
	Number of Faculty	44	43	37	35	34	35
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065013	Lincoln Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	688	650	656	625	610	622
	Number of Faculty	43	44	44	40	40	40
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065014	Neville High School						
	Grade Structure	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12	9-12	9-12,NG
	October 1 Membership	866	859	798	818	901	926
	Number of Faculty	68	69	68	70	74	70
	Category	~	~	High	High	High	High

~ = Unavailable Data S = Special Education P = Pre-kindergarten NG = Nongraded

Table 1
Schools in Monroe City

		1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
065015	Ruffin, Minnie, Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	407	422	437	456	485	495
	Number of Faculty	28	27	29	30	30	32
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065016	Sherrouse Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	446	484	472	402	399	368
	Number of Faculty	33	36	35	34	34	31
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065017	Tucker, Georgia, School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	315	272	329	282	252	273
	Number of Faculty	25	25	25	24	25	25
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065018	Wossman High School						
	Grade Structure	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12	9-12,NG	9-12,NG
	October 1 Membership	912	924	1,041	1,023	1,204	1,189
	Number of Faculty	70	70	74	77	81	73
	Category	~	~	High	High	High	High
065019	Martin Luther King Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6,S	P,K-6	K-6	K-6
	October 1 Membership	854	859	878	820	776	704
	Number of Faculty	57	58	60	54	58	53
	Category	~	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
065022	Opportunity Learning Academy						
	Grade Structure	~	~	~	~	6-9	6-9
	October 1 Membership	~	~	~	~	72	79
	Number of Faculty	~	~	~	~	10	7
	Category	~	~	~	~	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High
065023	Monroe City Schools Alternative Center						
	Grade Structure	~	~	~	NG	Closed	~
	October 1 Membership	~	~	~	485	Closed	~
	Number of Faculty	~	~	~	7	Closed	~
	Category	~	~	~	Middle/Jr. High	Closed	~

~ = Unavailable Data S = Special Education P = Pre-kindergarten NG = Nongraded

Table 1
Schools in Monroe City

District	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
October 1 Membership	10,941	10,825	10,727	10,956	10,668	10,674
Number of Faculty	727	727	708	696	732	703

~ = Unavailable Data S = Special Education P = Pre-kindergarten NG = Nongraded

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

Perhaps the most vital educational resource available to students is the school faculty. One indicator of faculty preparation is the level of academic training the staff has completed.

Organization

Table 2, Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher, presents the number and percent of faculty attaining a master's degree or higher. Data are presented for all faculty members in all schools in the district that receive a *Report Card*. Schools are presented in site code order. District and state totals are presented for comparison purposes.

Data Presentation: *School Report Card*

The *School Report Card* displays the percent of faculty with a master's degree or higher.

Definition

- *Faculty*—school-based instructional personnel. In addition to full-time classroom teachers, these individuals include principals,

assistant principals, guidance counselors, librarians, and other instructional staff (provided these individuals teach at least one class.)

Method of Calculation

The formula used to compute the percentage of faculty who have a master's degree or higher is presented below. Itinerant staff members who are employed at multiple school sites are counted at each school in which they teach, but are counted only once in district and state percentages.

Data Sources

Site-based personnel—district-reported data from the *Annual School Report*.

Faculty degree status—district-reported data from the *Annual School Report*; LDE Teacher Certification Database.

Formula Used to Calculate Percent of Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Percent of Faculty} \\ \text{with a Master's Degree} \\ \text{or Higher} \end{array} = \frac{\text{Number of Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher}}{\text{Total Number of Faculty at All Education Levels}} \times 100$$

Table 2
Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065001	Benton, Lida, School	51.52	17	48.39	15	42.86	12	44.44	12	42.86	12	46.15	12
065002	Carroll High School	50.00	27	48.21	27	50.00	27	48.28	28	53.70	29	60.38	32
065003	Carroll Junior High School	43.18	19	50.00	21	45.00	18	52.27	23	60.87	28	53.19	25
065004	Carver Elementary School	44.83	13	46.15	12	50.00	13	52.00	13	50.00	15	55.17	16
065005	Clark, J.S., Elementary School	44.68	21	55.56	25	52.50	21	42.50	17	50.00	21	55.81	24
065006	Faulk, Barkdull, Elementary School	50.00	12	41.67	10	57.69	15	50.00	12	52.00	13	69.23	18
065007	Hall, Clara, Elementary School	41.94	13	36.36	12	48.48	16	57.58	19	63.64	21	58.06	18
065008	Humble, Sallie, Elementary School	47.83	22	52.38	22	50.00	22	53.66	22	50.00	21	46.51	20
065009	Jefferson, Thomas, Junior High School	41.46	17	41.86	18	35.71	15	47.22	17	47.92	23	46.34	19
065010	Jones, Berg, Elementary School	53.66	22	47.62	20	55.26	21	52.63	20	46.15	18	51.22	21
065011	Lee, Robert E., Junior High School	50.00	24	60.42	29	59.57	28	57.78	26	55.56	25	59.09	26
065012	Lexington Elementary School	52.27	23	53.49	23	62.16	23	65.71	23	64.71	22	54.29	19
065013	Lincoln Elementary School	41.86	18	40.91	18	45.45	20	52.50	21	55.00	22	57.50	23
065014	Neville High School	54.41	37	55.07	38	55.88	38	45.71	32	47.30	35	48.57	34
065015	Ruffin, Minnie, Elementary School	46.43	13	40.74	11	41.38	12	46.67	14	53.33	16	46.88	15
065016	Sherrouse Elementary School	75.76	25	69.44	25	62.86	22	70.59	24	73.53	25	77.42	24
065017	Tucker, Georgia, School	48.00	12	56.00	14	68.00	17	58.33	14	64.00	16	52.00	13
065018	Wossman High School	48.57	34	40.00	28	43.24	32	49.35	38	48.15	39	52.05	38
065019	Martin Luther King Elementary School	38.60	22	41.38	24	46.67	28	51.85	28	55.17	32	56.60	30
065022	Opportunity Learning Academy	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	40.00	4	71.43	5
065023	Monroe City Schools Alternative Center	~	~	~	~	~	~	28.57	2	Closed	Closed	~	~
District		47.24	342	47.10	341	48.59	344	50.43	351	50.14	367	51.92	365
State		44.12	21,824	43.62	21,927	43.57	22,111	42.53	21,844	42.20	21,854	41.55	21,556

~ = Unavailable Data

Small classes generally allow more time for pupil-teacher interaction and therefore are instrumental in promoting student learning, especially at the lower elementary grades. In recognition of that fact, the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels (*Bulletin 741*). The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students, while that in grades 4-12 is 33 students. The limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, and band.

Organization

Tables 3a, 3b, 3c, and 3d (Class Size Characteristics for Elementary, Middle/Junior High, High, and Combination Schools, respectively) present the number and percentage of classes that fall within various class size ranges. Data are presented for all schools in the district that receive a *Report Card*, with schools presented by category and in site code order. District and state percentages are presented for comparison of all schools. Since 1993-94, district and state percentages based on school category also have been provided.

The *District Composite Report* presents class size information for grades K-12 in three ranges: 1-20, 21-26, and 27 or more students.

Data Presentation: *School Report Card*

The *1996-97 School Report Card* provides 1996-97 class size information for grades K-12 by three ranges: 1-20, 21-26, and 27+. Category percentages are provided for comparison purposes.

Definition

- *Class*—a grouping of children under the primary supervision and instruction of an individual teacher for all or part of the instructional day, as reported for the purposes of the *Annual School Report* (ASR) and identifiable by a specific ASR course code.

Method of Calculation

The following criterion was applied to *Annual School Report* (ASR) data to determine which classes should be included/excluded from the class size calculations:

- Activity classes (which have a maximum allowable student count greater than 33) are excluded because their inclusion in the computation would skew the results.

Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Classes in Each of the Specific Class Size Ranges

$$\frac{\text{Percent of Classes in Specific Class Size Range}}{\text{Percent of Classes in Specific Class Size Range}} = \frac{\text{Number of Classes in Specific Class Size Range}}{\text{Total Number of Classes}} \times 100^*$$

*Note: Due to school categorization, the numerator and denominator will vary. For example, Percent of Classes in Elementary Schools in Specific Class Size Range = (Number of Classes in Elementary Schools in Specific Class Size Range / Total Number of Classes in Elementary Schools) X 100.

Data Source

District-reported data from the *Annual School Report* (ASR).

References

Franklin, B.J. and Glascock, C.H. (1994, November). School configuration: Which configuration is best? Paper presented at the annual meeting of the Mid-South Educational Research Association, Nashville, Tenn.

Louisiana Department of Education, *Louisiana Handbook for School Administrators* (Bulletin 741), Baton Rouge, La.

LDE researchers have explored the relationship between school configuration and Report Card indicators related to student participation and testing. Middle school students perform significantly lower in grades 6 and 7 for all indicators than grades 6 and 7 students in elementary or combination (K-12) schools (Franklin and Glascock, 1994).

Table 3a: Class Size Characteristics
Elementary Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065001	Benton, Lida, School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	66.67	12	70.59	12	52.94	9	73.33	11	68.75	11	33.33	5
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	22.22	4	29.41	5	41.18	7	26.67	4	31.25	5	60.00	9
	Class Size Range 27 or more	11.11	2	0.00	0	5.88	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	6.67	1
065004	Carver Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	33.33	5	35.71	5	43.75	7	40.00	6	52.94	9	12.50	2
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	66.67	10	64.29	9	50.00	8	53.33	8	47.06	8	68.75	11
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	0.00	0	6.25	1	6.67	1	0.00	0	18.75	3
065005	Clark, J.S., Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	27.16	22	64.10	75	33.65	35	26.88	25	46.81	22	16.33	8
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	49.38	40	35.90	42	66.35	69	73.12	68	53.19	25	83.67	41
	Class Size Range 27 or more	23.46	19	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
065006	Faulk, Barkdull, Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	40.00	6	60.00	9	64.71	11	40.00	6	43.75	7	62.50	10
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	46.67	7	40.00	6	35.29	6	60.00	9	50.00	8	25.00	4
	Class Size Range 27 or more	13.33	2	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	6.25	1	12.50	2
065007	Hall, Clara, Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	44.44	8	33.33	6	57.14	12	47.37	9	5.88	1	11.11	2
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	38.89	7	55.56	10	23.81	5	36.84	7	82.35	14	77.78	14
	Class Size Range 27 or more	16.67	3	11.11	2	19.05	4	15.79	3	11.76	2	11.11	2
065008	Humble, Sallie, Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	30.43	7	39.13	9	24.00	6	22.73	5	8.70	2	26.09	6
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	56.52	13	47.83	11	76.00	19	72.73	16	91.30	21	69.57	16
	Class Size Range 27 or more	13.04	3	13.04	3	0.00	0	4.55	1	0.00	0	4.35	1
065010	Jones, Berg, Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	28.13	9	40.63	13	26.92	7	9.09	2	4.35	1	0.00	0
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	59.38	19	53.13	17	65.38	17	68.18	15	78.26	18	72.00	18
	Class Size Range 27 or more	12.50	4	6.25	2	7.69	2	22.73	5	17.39	4	28.00	7
065012	Lexington Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	30.77	8	69.23	18	54.17	13	57.89	11	50.00	9	27.78	5
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	57.69	15	30.77	8	45.83	11	31.58	6	38.89	7	33.33	6
	Class Size Range 27 or more	11.54	3	0.00	0	0.00	0	10.53	2	11.11	2	38.89	7
065013	Lincoln Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	15.38	4	8.00	2	27.59	8	4.35	1	4.00	1	0.00	0
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	76.92	20	84.00	21	65.52	19	78.26	18	96.00	24	88.00	22
	Class Size Range 27 or more	7.69	2	8.00	2	6.90	2	17.39	4	0.00	0	12.00	3

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 3a: Class Size Characteristics
Elementary Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065015	Ruffin, Minnie, Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	29.41	5	35.29	6	52.63	10	17.65	3	5.56	1	5.00	1
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	58.82	10	29.41	5	47.37	9	47.06	8	44.44	8	70.00	14
	Class Size Range 27 or more	11.76	2	35.29	6	0.00	0	35.29	6	50.00	9	25.00	5
065016	Sherrouse Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	38.89	7	36.84	7	66.67	18	45.00	9	40.00	8	44.44	8
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	61.11	11	63.16	12	29.63	8	50.00	10	45.00	9	33.33	6
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	0.00	0	3.70	1	5.00	1	15.00	3	22.22	4
065017	Tucker, Georgia, School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	46.67	7	85.71	12	50.00	10	72.22	13	88.24	15	58.82	10
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	53.33	8	14.29	2	45.00	9	22.22	4	11.76	2	41.18	7
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	0.00	0	5.00	1	5.56	1	0.00	0	0.00	0
065019	Martin Luther King Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	16.33	16	7.45	7	25.00	22	5.56	4	1.25	1	3.51	2
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	78.57	77	85.11	80	39.77	35	50.00	36	85.00	68	49.12	28
	Class Size Range 27 or more	5.10	5	7.45	7	35.23	31	44.44	32	13.75	11	47.37	27
District (Elementary Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	38.80	168	28.38	105	26.11	88	18.61	59
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	51.27	222	56.49	209	64.39	217	61.83	196
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	9.93	43	15.14	56	9.50	32	19.56	62
District (All Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	33.26	471	37.96	550	36.85	541	33.05	422	35.29	469	27.65	350
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	42.66	604	39.75	576	38.90	571	43.07	550	44.77	595	44.08	558
	Class Size Range 27 or more	24.08	341	22.29	323	24.25	356	23.88	305	19.94	265	28.28	358
State (Elementary Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	29.86	9,170	30.32	9,287	32.15	9,840	31.58	9,687
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	51.31	15,758	50.85	15,577	50.68	15,510	53.06	16,277
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	18.83	5,783	18.83	5,768	17.17	5,255	15.37	4,714
State (All Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	29.42	32,500	30.00	33,335	30.42	34,199	31.18	35,133	32.25	36,358	32.51	37,192
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	40.51	44,755	40.59	45,104	39.16	44,023	39.79	44,829	39.63	44,678	40.20	45,996
	Class Size Range 27 or more	30.07	33,223	29.42	32,693	30.41	34,185	29.03	32,715	28.12	31,698	27.29	31,226

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 3b: Class Size Characteristics
Middle/Jr. High Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065003	Carroll Junior High School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	35.29	36	32.99	32	31.07	32	32.67	33	45.63	47	52.43	54
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	27.45	28	31.96	31	26.21	27	30.69	31	34.95	36	36.89	38
	Class Size Range 27 or more	37.25	38	35.05	34	42.72	44	36.63	37	19.42	20	10.68	11
065009	Jefferson, Thomas, Junior High School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	11.97	14	16.13	20	19.38	25	16.49	16	40.56	58	16.24	19
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	36.75	43	29.84	37	32.56	42	46.39	45	40.56	58	41.03	48
	Class Size Range 27 or more	51.28	60	54.03	67	48.06	62	37.11	36	18.88	27	42.74	50
065011	Lee, Robert E., Junior High School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	41.50	61	31.45	39	48.85	64	59.65	68	57.02	65	37.25	38
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	45.58	67	52.42	65	41.98	55	34.21	39	37.72	43	48.04	49
	Class Size Range 27 or more	12.93	19	16.13	20	9.16	12	6.14	7	5.26	6	14.71	15
065022	Opportunity Learning Academy												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	100.00	30	100.00	22
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
065023	Monroe City Schools Alternative Center												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	~	~	100.00	10	Closed	Closed	~	~
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	Closed	Closed	~	~
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	Closed	Closed	~	~

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 3b: Class Size Characteristics
Middle/Jr. High Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
District (Middle/Jr. High Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	33.33	121	39.44	127	51.28	200	38.66	133
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	34.16	124	35.71	115	35.13	137	39.24	135
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	32.51	118	24.84	80	13.59	53	22.09	76
District (All Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	33.26	471	37.96	550	36.85	541	33.05	422	35.29	469	27.65	350
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	42.66	604	39.75	576	38.90	571	43.07	550	44.77	595	44.08	558
	Class Size Range 27 or more	24.08	341	22.29	323	24.25	356	23.88	305	19.94	265	28.28	358
State (Middle/Jr. High Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	21.06	6,253	23.16	6,785	23.22	6,682	24.50	7,050
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	38.07	11,300	39.15	11,471	40.39	11,625	40.85	11,756
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	40.87	12,133	37.69	11,045	36.40	10,476	34.66	9,975
State (All Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	29.42	32,500	30.00	33,335	30.42	34,199	31.18	35,133	32.25	36,358	32.51	37,192
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	40.51	44,755	40.59	45,104	39.16	44,023	39.79	44,829	39.63	44,678	40.20	45,996
	Class Size Range 27 or more	30.07	33,223	29.42	32,693	30.41	34,185	29.03	32,715	28.12	31,698	27.29	31,226

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 3c: Class Size Characteristics
High Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065002	Carroll High School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	38.98	69	39.89	75	36.41	67	24.84	40	22.42	37	24.85	41
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	37.29	66	27.66	52	23.91	44	27.95	45	34.55	57	23.03	38
	Class Size Range 27 or more	23.73	42	32.45	61	39.67	73	47.20	76	43.03	71	52.12	86
065014	Neville High School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	36.40	83	37.87	89	41.63	97	37.11	72	28.13	54	25.13	48
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	32.02	73	41.70	98	41.63	97	43.30	84	44.27	85	43.46	83
	Class Size Range 27 or more	31.58	72	20.43	48	16.74	39	19.59	38	27.60	53	31.41	60
065018	Wossman High School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	37.86	92	45.60	114	34.51	88	33.91	78	36.73	90	27.71	69
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	35.39	86	26.00	65	32.94	84	42.17	97	40.41	99	42.57	106
	Class Size Range 27 or more	26.75	65	28.40	71	32.55	83	23.91	55	22.86	56	29.72	74
District (High Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	37.50	252	32.48	190	30.07	181	26.12	158
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	33.48	225	38.63	226	40.03	241	37.52	227
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	29.02	195	28.89	169	29.90	180	36.36	220
District (All Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	33.26	471	37.96	550	36.85	541	33.05	422	35.29	469	27.65	350
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	42.66	604	39.75	576	38.90	571	43.07	550	44.77	595	44.08	558
	Class Size Range 27 or more	24.08	341	22.29	323	24.25	356	23.88	305	19.94	265	28.28	358
State (High Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	32.15	14,261	32.55	14,610	33.61	15,285	33.77	15,900
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	33.40	14,813	34.49	15,478	33.61	15,285	33.15	15,607
	Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	34.45	15,277	32.96	14,792	32.79	14,911	33.08	15,576
State (All Schools)													
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	29.42	32,500	30.00	33,335	30.42	34,199	31.18	35,133	32.25	36,358	32.51	37,192
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	40.51	44,755	40.59	45,104	39.16	44,023	39.79	44,829	39.63	44,678	40.20	45,996
	Class Size Range 27 or more	30.07	33,223	29.42	32,693	30.41	34,185	29.03	32,715	28.12	31,698	27.29	31,226

~ = Unavailable Data

Part 3. Student Participation

Student Attendance	3-1
Student Dropouts	3-7
Students Suspended and Expelled	3-11

More than a decade ago, American schools were challenged by *A Nation at Risk* to do whatever necessary to reduce the amount of instructional time lost to absenteeism (Bennett, 1988). As educators have long recognized, occasional absences cause some learning disruption, but frequent student absences can severely reduce academic progress (Bamber, 1979).

The percent of student attendance reflects the percentage of time the average student is present within the total number of instructional days. Since 1993-94, attendance has been calculated to the nearest half day.

Prior to 1995-96, attendance data were reported for regular education students only. The 1995-96 and 1996-97 data include special education students as well; hence, comparisons with prior years data are strongly discouraged.

Organization

Tables 4a, 4b, 4c, and 4d, Student Attendance, present the percent of student attendance for each school in the district receiving a *Report Card*. District and state percentages are presented for comparison of all schools. Schools are presented by category and in site code order. Since 1993-94, district and state percentages based on school category have been provided for comparison purposes.

Data Presentation: *School Report Card*

The *1996-97 School Report Card* presents the percent of student attendance for the school, district, and state, based on the school category.

Of all the School Report Card indicators studied, student attendance yields the strongest positive relationship with average test scores. This is especially evident in secondary schools with higher attendance. These schools show a marked increase in the percentage of students passing the Graduation Exit Exam (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

Definitions

- *Aggregate days attendance*—the total number of days that students are *present* at the school site over the course of the school year.
- *Aggregate days membership*—the total number of days that students are *enrolled* (but not necessarily *present* at the school site) over the course of the school year.
- *Day of attendance*—effective with the 1992-93 school year, “a student is considered to be in attendance when he or she 1) is physically present at a school site or is participating in an authorized school activity and 2) is under the supervision of authorized personnel. This definition extends to students who are homebound, assigned to and participating in drug rehabilitation programs that contain a state-approved education component, or participating in school-authorized field trips.”

“Students who meet the above criteria and are present at the school site for 26-50 percent of the student’s instructional day shall be credited with a half day of attendance. Those who meet the above criteria and are present for at least 51% of the student’s instructional day are credited with a whole day of attendance. Students who are not physically present or who are participating for 25 percent or less of their instructional day will be considered absent for reporting purposes. Absences, whether excused or unexcused, shall be counted as an absence for reporting to the Department.” (*Bulletin 741*)

As mentioned previously, the above definition was piloted for the 1992-93 school year and has been in effect statewide since the 1993-94 school year.

- *Percent of student attendance*—the ratio of aggregate days student attendance to aggregate days membership.

Method of Calculation

The formulas used in calculating percent of student attendance are presented at the bottom of this page.

Data Sources

The attendance indicator is based on district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Student Information System (SIS).

References

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Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Student Attendance

School-level Aggregation

$$\text{Percent of Student Attendance} = \frac{\text{Aggregate Days of Attendance}}{\text{Aggregate Days of Membership}} \times 100$$

District-level Aggregation

$$\text{Percent of Student Attendance} = \frac{\text{Total Aggregate Days of Attendance for All Schools in the District}}{\text{Total Aggregate Days of Membership for All Schools in the District}} \times 100^*$$

State-level Aggregation

$$\text{Percent of Student Attendance} = \frac{\text{Total Aggregate Days of Attendance for All Schools in the State}}{\text{Total Aggregate Days of Membership for All Schools in the State}} \times 100^*$$

*Note: Due to school categorization, the numerator and denominator will vary. For example, Percent of Student Attendance in Elementary Schools = (Aggregate Days of Attendance for All Elementary Schools / Aggregate Days of Membership for All Elementary Schools) X 100.

Table 4a: Percent of Student Attendance
Elementary Schools

	1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96²	1996-97
065001 Benton, Lida, School	94.39	92.27	94.24	94.27	93.07	93.40
065004 Carver Elementary School	95.85	94.41	93.90	94.74	94.97	95.38
065005 Clark, J.S., Elementary School	93.88	93.72	95.89	97.67	97.50	98.06
065006 Faulk, Barkdull, Elementary School	93.71	93.84	92.18	93.36	94.70	95.50
065007 Hall, Clara, Elementary School	94.31	94.23	93.26	95.04	94.38	96.19
065008 Humble, Sallie, Elementary School	95.08	95.09	95.55	95.35	95.32	95.15
065010 Jones, Berg, Elementary School	94.99	94.76	95.52	94.21	94.21	95.23
065012 Lexington Elementary School	95.15	72.67	95.12	95.93	95.34	96.09
065013 Lincoln Elementary School	95.19	95.42	68.78	95.34	94.63	95.69
065015 Ruffin, Minnie, Elementary School	96.24	96.70	96.78	96.88	96.79	96.72
065016 Sherrouse Elementary School	95.45	94.99	95.39	95.85	96.02	96.08
065017 Tucker, Georgia, School	95.16	95.66	94.70	94.74	94.48	94.45
065019 Martin Luther King Elementary School	94.92	93.72	93.14	94.37	94.90	96.24
District (Elementary Schools)	~	~	94.19	95.23	95.12	95.81
District (All Schools)	93.27	92.71	92.70	93.06	92.25	92.47
State (Elementary Schools)	~	~	95.01	95.21	95.01	95.20
State (All Schools)	~	~	93.55	93.64	93.36	93.70

¹ A standard attendance definition was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 4b: Percent of Student Attendance
Middle/Jr. High Schools

	1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96²	1996-97
065003 Carroll Junior High School	89.99	89.25	88.60	93.60	91.08	88.48
065009 Jefferson, Thomas, Junior High School	87.42	88.09	90.59	88.70	87.86	88.94
065011 Lee, Robert E., Junior High School	91.17	90.95	90.68	91.64	90.55	92.19
065022 Opportunity Learning Academy	~	~	~	~	89.06	87.00
District (Middle/Jr. High Schools)	~	~	90.19	91.09	89.61	89.71
District (All Schools)	93.27	92.71	92.70	93.06	92.25	92.47
State (Middle/Jr. High Schools)	~	~	92.84	92.72	92.56	93.14
State (All Schools)	~	~	93.55	93.64	93.36	93.70

¹ A standard attendance definition was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 4c: Percent of Student Attendance
High Schools

	1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96²	1996-97
065002 Carroll High School	89.50	89.10	89.89	88.19	86.89	88.88
065014 Neville High School	92.26	92.33	91.90	91.88	89.25	90.03
065018 Wossman High School	91.42	91.95	91.30	87.69	87.17	83.08
District (High Schools)	~	~	91.15	89.15	87.72	86.95
District (All Schools)	93.27	92.71	92.70	93.06	92.25	92.47
State (High Schools)	~	~	90.97	91.02	90.62	91.06
State (All Schools)	~	~	93.55	93.64	93.36	93.70

¹ A standard attendance definition was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Students who drop out of school deprive our country of potentially valuable human resources (Hershaff, 1980). Research indicates that dropping out of school has negative consequences both for the individual who drops out and for society (Curry, Payson, and Sandhu, 1990).

Over the last 20 years, there has been a general increase in high school completion rates. Despite these gains, dropout rates remain at unacceptably high levels. The monitoring of high school dropout rates provides one measure of our progress in increasing the educational attainment of the state's youth. Unfortunately, determining the exact number of students who actually drop out of school is extremely difficult.

According to LDE research, the percent of student dropouts has a strong negative correlation with test scores and attendance, and a positive correlation with school size. Thus, schools with low average test scores and low average attendance generally experience high dropout rates. Larger schools (those with enrollments of roughly 700 or more students) exhibit higher dropout rates than do smaller schools (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

Prior to 1995-96, attendance data were reported for regular education students only. The 1995-96 and 1996-97 data include special education students as well; hence, comparisons with prior years data are strongly discouraged.

Organization

Table 5, Student Dropouts, presents the number and percent of students (by grade level) who drop out of school for grades 7-12. Data are presented by school site code for all *Report Card* schools in the district whose grade structure includes grade seven or higher. District and state numbers and percents are offered for comparison purposes.

Data Presentation: *School Report Card*

School-level counts and percents are reported (by grade) for grades 7-12. Also, district and state percents are presented.

Definitions

- *Cumulative Enrollment*—the sum of all students enrolled in a school or district for at least one school day during the course of the school year, used as the denominator for calculating school- and district-level suspension and expulsion percents.
- *Dropout*—the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) defines a dropout as “an individual who was enrolled in school at some time during the previous school year, was not enrolled at the beginning of the current school year, has not graduated from high school or completed an approved educational program, and does not meet any of the following exclusive conditions: transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved education program; temporary absence due to suspension or school-approved illness; or death.”

“For purposes of applying the dropout definition, the following definitions also apply:

1. A school year is defined as the 12-month period of time beginning October 1 and ending September 30.
2. A school completer is an individual who has graduated from high school or completed a state- or district-approved education program.
3. A state or district approved program is one that leads to receipt of formal recognition from school authorities. It may include special education programs, home-based instruction, and school-sponsored secondary (but **NOT** adult) programs leading to a GED or some other certification differing from the regular diploma” (NCES, 1993).

Method of Calculation

Louisiana's school- and district-level student dropout percents are calculated by dividing the total number of student dropouts in each grade for grades 7-12 by the cumulative enrollment for that grade.

To conform with the federal Common Core of Data (CCD) reporting, the state dropout rate is calculated by dividing the total number of dropouts by the state membership as of October 1, 1996. The formulas used to produce percent of student dropouts are presented on the following page.

Data Sources

The dropout indicator is based on district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Student Information System (SIS).

References

- Curry, B. A., Payson, James and Sandhu, Daya S. (1990). Efficacy of a university designed dropout prevention program for at-risk adolescents of Louisiana. *Louisiana Education Research Journal*. XVI:1, 52.
- Franklin, B. J. and Crone, L. J. (1993, April). *Louisiana Progress Profiles*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Educational Research Association, Atlanta, Ga.
- Hershaff, S. M. (1980). Dropouts: A comparison of their general feelings of alienation and attitudes toward school with those of persisters. *The Southern Journal of Educational Research*. XIV:4, 247.
- National Center for Education Statistics (1993). *Dropout rates in the United States: 1993*. U.S. Department of Education, Office of Educational Research and Improvement. Government Printing Office: Washington, DC.

Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Student Dropouts (Grades 7-12)

School-level Aggregation

$$\text{Percent of Student Dropouts (By Grade Level)} = \frac{\text{Number of Student Dropouts (By Grade Level)}}{\text{Cumulative Enrollment (By Grade Level)}} \times 100$$

District-level Aggregation

$$\text{Percent of Student Dropouts (By Grade Level)} = \frac{\text{Total Number of Student Dropouts (By Grade Level) For All Schools in the District}}{\text{Cumulative Enrollment (By Grade Level) For All Schools in the District}} \times 100$$

State-level Aggregation

$$\text{Percent of Student Dropouts (By Grade Level)} = \frac{\text{Total Number of Student Dropouts (By Grade Level) For All Schools in the State}}{\text{October 1 Membership (By Grade Level) For All Schools in the State}} \times 100$$

Table 5: Student Dropouts

		1991-92		1992-93 ¹		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96 ²		1996-97	
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
065002	Carroll High School												
	Grade 9	6.37	16	10.98	28	8.45	24	13.65	40	11.88	48	23.23	72
	Grade 10	5.96	9	8.29	15	8.00	14	7.20	17	9.88	17	11.91	28
	Grade 11	6.88	13	6.38	9	4.14	7	7.06	12	10.53	24	13.26	24
	Grade 12	0.79	1	5.20	9	9.16	12	5.21	10	8.18	13	10.31	20
065003	Carroll Junior High School												
	Grade 7	0.00	0	0.35	1	0.00	0	1.77	5	2.66	7	2.89	7
	Grade 8	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	1.09	3	2.94	7	2.47	6
065009	Jefferson, Thomas, Junior High School												
	Grade 7	1.91	7	0.00	0	2.12	8	0.00	0	6.23	25	3.19	13
	Grade 8	0.37	1	0.00	0	3.08	9	0.00	0	3.44	11	3.31	11
065011	Lee, Robert E., Junior High School												
	Grade 7	3.82	15	3.05	11	6.19	18	0.31	1	2.56	8	0.90	3
	Grade 8	0.81	2	4.23	11	2.00	5	1.09	3	3.07	8	1.62	4
065014	Neville High School												
	Grade 9	7.48	22	7.35	20	7.82	23	3.04	9	6.75	21	10.32	36
	Grade 10	7.32	18	5.42	13	6.05	13	0.87	2	7.22	19	8.63	22
	Grade 11	5.39	11	3.62	8	4.27	9	3.35	7	5.49	14	7.14	17
	Grade 12	3.17	6	2.79	5	2.16	4	3.44	9	11.11	23	11.44	27
065018	Wossman High School												
	Grade 9	2.89	11	8.62	30	7.80	32	5.59	26	7.64	36	14.50	68
	Grade 10	3.70	8	7.14	18	4.92	12	2.83	9	6.40	19	18.06	56
	Grade 11	2.59	5	5.10	10	6.53	16	1.91	5	6.47	20	15.77	44
	Grade 12	1.83	3	4.82	8	2.08	4	0.93	3	6.38	15	11.02	26
065022	Opportunity Learning Academy												
	Grade 7	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.11	3	13.04	3
	Grade 8	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	13.04	3	10.53	4
	Grade 9	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	6.25	1	8.70	2

¹ In 1992-93, Louisiana was in transition to the federal reporting calendar; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 5: Student Dropouts

	1991-92		1992-93¹		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96²		1996-97	
	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
District												
Grade 7	2.40	22	1.47	12	3.02	26	0.67	6	4.51	43	2.77	26
Grade 8	0.43	3	1.64	11	2.09	14	0.67	6	3.58	29	3.06	25
Grade 9	6.04	49	9.70	78	9.29	79	7.63	75	9.09	106	16.02	178
Grade 10	5.99	35	7.18	46	6.76	39	3.73	28	7.64	55	13.52	106
Grade 11	5.25	29	5.19	27	5.57	32	3.98	24	7.46	58	12.39	85
Grade 12	2.16	10	4.51	22	4.38	20	2.96	22	8.57	51	11.15	73
Grades 9 - 12	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.29	270	13.66	442
State												
Grade 7	1.72	1,051	~	~	1.47	904	0.78	480	4.46	2,816	4.73	2,904
Grade 8	2.15	1,176	~	~	1.71	971	0.93	538	6.04	3,568	5.53	3,232
Grade 9	5.57	3,390	~	~	6.48	4,018	4.63	2,898	12.90	8,966	13.51	9,245
Grade 10	4.87	2,466	~	~	4.91	2,531	3.79	2,005	11.86	6,554	12.10	6,626
Grade 11	4.43	1,865	~	~	4.57	1,988	3.55	1,555	10.78	4,991	10.58	4,897
Grade 12	3.43	1,262	~	~	3.70	1,433	2.65	1,061	10.75	4,397	8.62	3,605
Grades 9 - 12	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	11.75	24,908	11.53	24,373

¹ In 1992-93, Louisiana was in transition to the federal reporting calendar; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Students Suspended and Expelled

Student suspension not only harms students by depriving them of valuable instruction, it also harms communities, the individual school, and school district (Garibaldi, 1978).

Prior to 1995-96, attendance data were reported for regular education students only. The 1995-96 and 1996-97 data include special education students as well; hence, comparisons with prior years data are strongly discouraged.

Organization

Tables 6a, 6b, 6c, and 6d, Students Suspended and Expelled, present the number and percent of students suspended and the number and percent of students expelled for each school in the district receiving a *Report Card*. Schools are listed by category and in site code order. District percentages are presented for comparison of all schools. Since 1993-94, percentages based on the school category also have been provided for comparison purposes.

It should be pointed out that the “students suspended” number reflects the number of students at the school site who were suspended at least once during the school year. Because some students are suspended more than once over the course of the school year, the total incidence of suspension may be greater than the number reported here.

Data Presentation: *School Report Card*

The 1996-97 *School Report Card* presents the school-level number and percent of students suspended and expelled. Category statistics are provided at the district level for comparison purposes.

Definitions

- *Cumulative Enrollment*—the sum of all students enrolled in a school or district for at least one school day during the course of the school year, used as the denominator for calculating school- and district-level suspension and expulsion percents.
- *In-school Expulsion*—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a period of time specified by the LEA and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- *In-school Suspension*—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a minimum of one complete school day and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- *Out-of-school Expulsion*—removal (exit) of a student from school for a determined number of days with no provision of instructional services.
- *Out-of-school Suspension*—student is temporarily prohibited from participating in his/her usual placement within school with no provision of instructional service; only suspensions resulting in removal for at least one full day are included.

Schools which report comparatively high suspension rates tend to serve more low-income students than those which report low suspension rates. Suspension rates tend to be higher among large schools. Middle schools and secondary schools report higher suspension rates than schools with other grade configurations. Finally, class enrollments are larger in high-suspension schools (Kennedy, 1993). This research is further supported by Franklin and Glascock (1994) who found that suspension rates are significantly higher in middle schools than elementary or combination (K-12) schools.

Method of Calculation

Suspensions and expulsions are calculated for students enrolled in grades K-12. The formulas listed on the following pages were used to calculate the desired school- and district-level percentages for each school category, as well as district-level percentages for all schools.

Data Sources

The suspension and expulsion indicators are based on district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Student Information System (SIS).

References

- Children's Defense Fund. (1975). *School Suspensions - Are They Helping Children?* Cambridge, Mass.
- Franklin, B. J., and Glascock, C. H. (1994). The K-12 school - Did we forget the importance of continuity? Paper presented at the annual meeting of the Mid-South Education Research Association. Nashville, Tenn.
- Garibaldi, A. M. (1978). *In-School Alternatives to Suspension: Conference Report*. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office.
- Kennedy, E. (1993). A study of out-of-school suspensions and expulsions in Louisiana public schools. Report to the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. Baton Rouge, La.: Louisiana Department of Education.

Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Students Suspended, Expelled

School-level Aggregation

$$\text{Percent of Students Suspended} = \frac{\text{Number of Students Suspended}}{\text{Cumulative Enrollment}} \times 100$$

$$\text{Percent of Students Expelled} = \frac{\text{Number of Students Expelled}}{\text{Cumulative Enrollment}} \times 100$$

District-level Aggregation

$$\text{Percent of Students Suspended} = \frac{\text{Total Number of Students Suspended for All Schools in the District}}{\text{Cumulative Enrollment for All Schools in the District}} \times 100^*$$

$$\text{Percent of Students Expelled} = \frac{\text{Total Number of Students Expelled for All Schools in the District}}{\text{Cumulative Enrollment for All Schools in the District}} \times 100^*$$

*Note: Due to school categorization, the numerator and denominator will vary. For example, Percent of Elementary Students Suspended = (Number of Elementary Students Suspended / Cumulative Elementary Student Enrollment) X 100.

Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled
Elementary Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96²		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065001	Benton, Lida, School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	5.63	27	3.11	13	4.03	17	1.25	5	4.52	21	14.25	59
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.24	1
065004	Carver Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	4.07	16	0.00	0	1.52	7	0.22	1
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
065005	Clark, J.S., Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.40	2
	Suspended (Out of School)	6.24	40	7.15	45	4.81	24	0.00	0	3.45	18	1.40	7
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.16	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.20	1
065006	Faulk, Barkdull, Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.78	11
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.47	2	1.09	4	2.36	9	4.18	17	3.49	16	3.03	12
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.25	1
065007	Hall, Clara, Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.74	4
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.81	4	2.04	10	2.33	12	3.37	18	3.09	17	4.26	23
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
065008	Humble, Sallie, Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.38	8
	Suspended (Out of School)	1.49	9	1.54	9	0.17	1	2.35	15	2.68	18	4.84	28
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled
Elementary Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96²		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065010	Jones, Berg, Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	22.88	159	25.19	167	14.22	93	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.15	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
065012	Lexington Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	2.67	17	2.56	14	3.89	19	5.88	30	4.06	21	8.95	41
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.22	1
065013	Lincoln Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.42	3
	Suspended (Out of School)	1.28	9	2.31	16	3.66	25	1.06	7	2.85	22	5.17	37
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.45	3	0.00	0	0.00	0
065015	Ruffin, Minnie, Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
065016	Sherrouse Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.72	8
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.21	1	0.40	2	1.19	6	0.38	2	2.72	15	2.79	13
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
065017	Tucker, Georgia, School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.45	5
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.32	1	0.00	0	3.60	13	5.51	20	5.52	19
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.32	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.29	1

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled
Elementary Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96²		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065019	Martin Luther King Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	3.07	28	3.91	40	1.51	12
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
District (Elementary Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.63	41
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	3.68	222	2.03	135	2.95	210	3.83	250
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	0.02	1	0.05	3	0.00	0	0.08	5
District (All Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.73	199
	Suspended (Out of School)	9.96	1,018	9.38	927	9.66	969	5.99	689	4.59	557	6.11	701
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.19	19	0.19	19	0.27	27	0.22	25	0.19	23	0.27	31
State¹ (Elementary Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.17	8,584
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.26	16,806
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.01	34
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.08	311
State¹ (All Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.55	44,040
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.94	78,866
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.07	542
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.44	3,454

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 6b: Students Suspended and Expelled
Middle/Jr. High Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96²		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065003	Carroll Junior High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	8.47	42	7.66	39	10.79	56	3.96	22	3.61	18	6.83	33
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.60	3	0.39	2	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.21	1
065009	Jefferson, Thomas, Junior High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	54.46	348	25.59	173	17.76	119	13.97	107	8.83	64	9.14	67
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.31	2	0.59	4	1.04	7	0.39	3	0.69	5	0.68	5
065011	Lee, Robert E., Junior High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.43	14
	Suspended (Out of School)	18.91	121	30.76	191	23.84	129	13.32	79	5.26	30	13.72	79
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	1.25	8	1.61	10	0.92	5	0.84	5	1.23	7	1.04	6
065022	Opportunity Learning Academy												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	9.38	9
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	3.13	3

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 6b: Students Suspended and Expelled
Middle/Jr. High Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96²		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
District (Middle/Jr. High Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.78	14
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	19.86	304	11.59	208	6.16	111	10.28	185
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	0.78	12	0.45	8	0.67	12	0.83	15
District (All Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.73	199
	Suspended (Out of School)	9.96	1,018	9.38	927	9.66	969	5.99	689	4.59	557	6.11	701
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.19	19	0.19	19	0.27	27	0.22	25	0.19	23	0.27	31
State¹ (Middle/Jr. High Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	10.03	14,670
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.40	23,990
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.16	234
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.87	1,269
State¹ (All Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.55	44,040
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.94	78,866
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.07	542
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.44	3,454

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 6c: Students Suspended and Expelled
High Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96²		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065002	Carroll High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.95	45
	Suspended (Out of School)	16.04	115	14.13	106	17.26	131	13.80	123	6.37	61	9.67	88
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.14	1	0.13	1	0.26	2	0.45	4	0.73	7	0.44	4
065014	Neville High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.26	99
	Suspended (Out of School)	9.22	86	1.64	15	0.88	8	1.70	17	1.27	13	5.71	61
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.11	1	0.11	1	0.40	4	0.00	0	0.19	2
065018	Wossman High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	3.98	38	12.68	122	27.86	304	15.06	206	12.37	162	9.22	117
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.42	4	0.00	0	1.01	11	0.44	6	0.31	4	0.39	5

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 6c: Students Suspended and Expelled
High Schools

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96²		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
District (High Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.53	144
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	18.02	443	11.23	346	7.32	236	8.38	266
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	0.57	14	0.45	14	0.34	11	0.35	11
District (All Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	1.73	199
	Suspended (Out of School)	9.96	1,018	9.38	927	9.66	969	5.99	689	4.59	557	6.11	701
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.19	19	0.19	19	0.27	27	0.22	25	0.19	23	0.27	31
State¹ (High Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.67	19,412
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	15.72	35,175
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.11	254
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.80	1,797
State¹ (All Schools)													
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.55	44,040
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.94	78,866
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.07	542
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.44	3,454

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Part 4. Student Achievement

Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results.....	4-1
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Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results

Educational tests such as criterion-referenced tests (CRTs) are, in one form or another, tests of academic achievement based on a pre-stated set of standards.

The CRTs administered in this state are part of the Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) and are administered in April of each year to public school students at specified grade levels. For the secondary level, the CRT is the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE).

These tests are administered to all students with the exception of special education students whose educational program is Alternative to Regular Placement (ARP). The Progress Profiles Program reports scores for all students taking the tests. This reflects the same reporting format used by the LEAP.

In Louisiana, CRTs provide a measure of the extent to which students meet state-established, grade-level skill requirements in the following subject areas:

- *Grades 3 and 5*—Language Arts and Mathematics,
- *Grade 7*—Language Arts and Mathematics, and
- *Secondary Level (GEE)*—English Language Arts, Mathematics, Written Composition, Science, and Social Studies.

Organization

Tables 7a - 7c provide CRT Results for Grades 3, 5, and 7, respectively, while Table 7d provides GEE test results for first-time GEE test takers. The tables present CRT results for each school in the district receiving a *Report Card*, with schools shown in school site code order. Also, comparison data are presented for the district and the state.

The tables reflect both the number of students taking the test and the percent of students who meet or exceed standards for the respective grade levels. Thus, the percent of students passing a specific test is the percent scoring at or above the performance standard that the state has set in that subject area.

Data Presentation: *School Report Cards*

The *1996-97 School Report Cards* present school, district, and state percent passing rates by grade level and subject area.

Definition

Criterion-referenced tests (CRTs)—tests that produce a score that tells how individuals/schools perform in achieving an established criteria; LEAP CRT results (as reported by *Progress Profiles*) show the number and percent of Louisiana students who meet or exceed state curriculum content standards.

Data Source

The CRT indicator is based on student-level data tapes provided to the LDE by National Computer Systems, test contractor for the Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP).

Table 7a: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 3
Percent of Students Passing and Number of Students Tested

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96¹		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065001	Benton, Lida, School												
	Language Arts	79	38	83	52	68	41	71	51	77	31	88	34
	Mathematics	92	37	87	52	61	41	76	50	83	30	85	34
065004	Carver Elementary School												
	Language Arts	86	37	77	48	100	48	88	49	93	58	95	40
	Mathematics	89	37	69	49	98	48	92	49	93	58	93	40
065005	Clark, J.S., Elementary School												
	Language Arts	85	65	91	76	94	68	94	66	88	64	97	65
	Mathematics	86	64	88	76	87	68	80	66	95	64	95	64
065006	Faulk, Barkdull, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	91	35	87	47	94	34	95	22	93	42	83	52
	Mathematics	86	35	81	47	91	34	83	23	81	42	88	51
065007	Hall, Clara, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	91	57	81	53	82	60	74	53	86	59	82	55
	Mathematics	79	57	89	53	82	60	75	53	90	58	84	55
065008	Humble, Sallie, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	98	62	97	70	100	71	92	73	92	78	92	77
	Mathematics	98	62	97	69	93	71	96	73	87	78	95	77
065010	Jones, Berg, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	100	85	86	64	96	83	90	81	97	69	90	104
	Mathematics	99	85	95	64	90	83	93	81	97	69	88	105
065012	Lexington Elementary School												
	Language Arts	99	76	100	69	94	65	97	60	91	44	98	58
	Mathematics	99	76	100	69	89	65	83	60	91	43	98	58
065013	Lincoln Elementary School												
	Language Arts	93	73	90	61	92	84	79	67	82	91	86	91
	Mathematics	96	73	82	61	89	84	77	66	80	93	86	91
065015	Ruffin, Minnie, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	97	38	100	53	98	54	96	51	94	67	95	86
	Mathematics	97	38	100	53	100	54	96	51	96	67	93	86
065016	Sherrouse Elementary School												
	Language Arts	94	47	94	48	91	58	91	45	93	60	85	48
	Mathematics	87	47	94	48	90	58	89	45	98	60	81	48

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 7a: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 3
Percent of Students Passing and Number of Students Tested

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96¹		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065017	Tucker, Georgia, School												
	Language Arts	97	35	97	30	90	48	73	44	89	28	96	23
	Mathematics	91	35	83	30	81	47	72	43	89	28	91	23
065019	Martin Luther King Elementary School												
	Language Arts	90	102	82	111	84	99	93	88	89	100	83	83
	Mathematics	84	101	87	111	85	99	84	88	82	100	88	82
District													
	Language Arts	93	750	89	782	91	813	87	750	90	791	90	816
	Mathematics	91	747	89	782	88	812	85	748	89	790	90	814
State													
	Language Arts	92	58,145	91	56,847	91	57,518	90	55,985	90	58,218	91	56,926
	Mathematics	90	57,865	90	56,593	91	57,278	90	55,728	89	58,034	91	56,792

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 7b: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 5
Percent of Students Passing and Number of Students Tested

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96¹		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065001	Benton, Lida, School												
	Language Arts	83	41	79	43	68	31	80	30	83	40	64	36
	Mathematics	76	41	72	43	68	31	80	30	83	40	78	36
065004	Carver Elementary School												
	Language Arts	89	38	89	38	89	35	63	35	82	33	88	52
	Mathematics	92	38	97	38	94	34	89	35	94	32	81	52
065005	Clark, J.S., Elementary School												
	Language Arts	93	67	88	60	92	64	90	68	90	71	98	63
	Mathematics	94	67	85	60	84	64	79	68	94	71	100	63
065006	Faulk, Barkdull, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	84	43	79	43	73	40	77	47	84	31	72	32
	Mathematics	81	43	91	43	92	39	89	47	94	31	63	32
065007	Hall, Clara, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	81	52	93	42	78	54	76	49	74	50	90	52
	Mathematics	85	52	90	42	85	54	98	51	78	50	89	53
065008	Humble, Sallie, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	97	71	94	78	93	55	92	72	92	66	97	71
	Mathematics	94	71	94	78	87	55	94	71	91	66	90	71
065010	Jones, Berg, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	96	69	82	72	95	58	95	56	92	79	84	77
	Mathematics	77	69	93	72	88	58	93	56	86	81	87	61
065012	Lexington Elementary School												
	Language Arts	94	68	94	69	94	66	92	53	98	45	93	55
	Mathematics	97	68	93	69	97	66	96	53	100	45	93	55
065013	Lincoln Elementary School												
	Language Arts	91	64	92	59	91	67	95	56	95	62	93	68
	Mathematics	90	63	90	59	96	68	98	54	97	60	96	71
065015	Ruffin, Minnie, Elementary School												
	Language Arts	94	65	95	66	96	47	100	57	91	58	95	59
	Mathematics	92	64	94	66	100	47	100	57	88	58	93	59
065016	Sherrouse Elementary School												
	Language Arts	95	56	97	59	94	31	91	33	91	55	94	53
	Mathematics	93	56	97	59	87	31	91	33	87	55	98	53

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 7b: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 5
Percent of Students Passing and Number of Students Tested

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96¹		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065017	Tucker, Georgia, School												
	Language Arts	91	46	96	28	88	33	86	29	96	28	84	32
	Mathematics	96	46	100	28	88	33	93	28	89	28	97	32
065019	Martin Luther King Elementary School												
	Language Arts	83	111	72	85	75	104	76	83	76	98	89	81
	Mathematics	91	110	90	84	79	103	78	83	84	97	93	81
District													
	Language Arts	90	791	88	742	86	685	86	668	88	716	89	731
	Mathematics	90	788	91	741	88	683	90	666	89	714	90	719
State													
	Language Arts	90	56,194	90	55,817	90	54,975	90	53,644	87	59,292	87	57,617
	Mathematics	90	56,114	90	55,725	91	54,885	91	53,564	89	59,183	89	57,637

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 7c: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 7
Percent of Students Passing and Number of Students Tested

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96¹		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065003	Carroll Junior High School												
	Language Arts	87	186	84	193	89	218	86	195	88	188	86	174
	Mathematics	73	186	72	193	72	218	74	194	72	186	71	173
065009	Jefferson, Thomas, Junior High School												
	Language Arts	83	267	75	273	77	274	81	232	86	229	82	249
	Mathematics	67	269	62	271	68	270	70	235	73	224	73	251
065011	Lee, Robert E., Junior High School												
	Language Arts	91	256	89	251	88	205	90	211	90	202	92	216
	Mathematics	89	253	89	250	80	203	83	211	82	196	86	216
065022	Opportunity Learning Academy												
	Language Arts	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	62	21	68	19
	Mathematics	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	52	21	42	19
District													
	Language Arts	87	709	82	717	84	697	85	638	87	640	86	658
	Mathematics	76	708	74	714	73	691	76	640	75	627	76	659
State													
	Language Arts	87	54,702	88	55,206	89	54,345	88	53,799	87	57,198	86	56,041
	Mathematics	83	54,440	83	55,018	83	54,272	82	53,599	79	56,798	80	55,823

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 7d: Graduate Exit Examination (GEE) Results
Percent of Students Passing and Number of Students Tested

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96¹		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065002	Carroll High School												
	Language Arts	86	133	74	156	84	140	81	169	77	150	72	149
	Mathematics	86	127	69	160	73	143	76	170	63	150	66	148
	Written Composition	74	125	76	148	84	132	90	168	92	150	89	144
	Science	83	138	81	123	85	133	67	127	70	164	70	114
	Social Studies	91	138	86	120	72	138	77	128	78	165	67	116
065014	Neville High School												
	Language Arts	90	206	92	205	88	169	90	192	84	200	85	185
	Mathematics	86	202	89	208	82	167	76	187	75	200	78	184
	Written Composition	83	200	89	204	85	163	97	187	93	188	94	175
	Science	85	176	84	185	90	172	83	150	77	178	75	174
	Social Studies	86	174	87	186	86	172	85	149	93	179	87	173
065018	Wossman High School												
	Language Arts	82	169	86	205	77	203	81	225	75	207	59	192
	Mathematics	81	171	79	208	64	209	65	227	49	205	46	194
	Written Composition	64	169	81	201	80	196	94	219	92	198	88	188
	Science	80	138	63	161	82	179	66	185	63	201	61	185
	Social Studies	85	139	84	160	69	179	73	180	74	203	73	184
District													
	Language Arts	86	508	85	566	82	512	84	586	78	557	72	526
	Mathematics	84	500	80	576	72	519	72	584	62	555	63	526
	Written Composition	74	494	83	553	82	491	94	574	92	536	90	507
	Science	83	452	76	469	86	484	72	462	70	543	68	473
	Social Studies	87	451	86	466	76	489	78	457	81	547	77	473
State													
	Language Arts	90	40,524	91	41,775	89	41,673	88	43,743	86	45,492	84	45,342
	Mathematics	82	40,403	83	41,697	79	41,603	80	43,654	77	45,381	77	45,307
	Written Composition	84	39,266	91	40,947	90	40,806	95	42,663	93	44,283	93	43,983
	Science	87	35,387	86	35,820	90	37,264	85	36,977	82	39,927	82	40,423
	Social Studies	89	35,442	90	35,778	90	37,230	90	36,998	90	39,989	88	40,407

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results

The Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) utilizes norm-referenced tests (NRTs) for national student comparisons with Louisiana students. From 1988 to 1992, Louisiana's NRT was the California Achievement Test (CAT), Form F; however, CAT/5 was adopted beginning with the 1992-93 school year with final administration having occurred in the spring of 1997.

Louisiana's NRT measures student performance in eight subject areas: reading, language, mathematics, word analysis, spelling, study skills, science, and social studies. A composite score (total battery) combining the individual subject area scores for reading, language, and mathematics is also computed for each student. The NRT data tables in the *School Report Cards* and *District Composite Reports* are based upon the total battery score.

These tests are administered to all students with the exception of special education students whose educational program is Alternative to Regular Placement (ARP). Scores are reported for all students not requiring modification to the standardization administration procedures. This reflects the same reporting format used by the LEAP.

Organization

Tables 8a-8c present 1996-97 NRT results for Grades 4, 6, and 8, respectively. Test results are presented for all schools in the district receiving a *Report Card*, with schools listed in site code order. District, state, and national results are presented for comparison purposes.

Data are grouped as follows:

- *Quarter 4*—the percent of students who scored in the top 25% of students in the national norm group. If 32 of 100 students scored this high, Quarter 4 would read 32 percent.
- *Quarter 3*—the percent of students who scored between the 51st and the 75th national percentiles.
- *Quarter 2*—the percent of students who scored between the 26th and the 50th national percentile.
- *Quarter 1*—the percent of students who scored below the 26th national percentile.
- *Median National Percentile Rank*—"the point in a distribution of scores (ranked from the highest to lowest) at which half of the scores will fall above and half below." (Galfo, 1975, p. 114)

Data Presentation: *School Report Card*

The 1996-97 *School Report Cards* present median national percentile ranks at the school, district, state, and national levels.

Definition

Norm-referenced tests (NRTs) —tests that produce a score that tells how schools/individuals perform in comparison with other schools/individuals; LEAP NRT results (as reported by the *Progress Profiles*) show how Louisiana schools perform when compared with the district, state, and nation.

Data Source

The NRT indicator is based on student-level data tape were provided to the Louisiana Department of Education by CTB/McMillan/McGraw-Hill, test contractor for the CAT/5.

References

- Galfo, A. J. (1975). *Interpreting Educational Research*. Dubuque, Iowa: W. M. C. Brown Company Publishers.

Table 8a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
065001	Benton, Lida, School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	4.3	2.1	10.5	0.0	0.0
	Third Quarter	~	14.9	17.0	10.5	6.7	6.5
	Second Quarter	~	31.9	40.4	23.7	31.1	29.0
	First Quarter	~	48.9	40.4	55.3	62.2	64.5
	Median Percentile Rank	~	28.0	36.4	23.0	17.0	11.0
065004	Carver Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	11.4	8.3	2.4	8.7	27.8
	Third Quarter	~	17.1	25.0	23.8	21.7	22.2
	Second Quarter	~	45.7	19.4	19.0	45.7	35.2
	First Quarter	~	25.7	47.2	54.8	23.9	14.8
	Median Percentile Rank	~	39.3	28.0	22.8	38.7	49.7
065005	Clark, J.S., Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	10.6	32.4	32.4	38.7	41.9
	Third Quarter	~	28.8	25.0	30.9	29.0	24.2
	Second Quarter	~	33.3	29.4	26.5	21.0	27.4
	First Quarter	~	27.3	13.2	10.3	11.3	6.5
	Median Percentile Rank	~	40.0	55.3	57.5	71.0	72.3
065006	Faulk, Barkdull, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	9.4	11.4	2.4	0.0	18.6
	Third Quarter	~	34.4	25.7	26.8	35.7	34.9
	Second Quarter	~	31.3	37.1	41.5	35.7	41.9
	First Quarter	~	25.0	25.7	29.3	28.6	4.7
	Median Percentile Rank	~	45.0	42.0	39.7	46.0	56.0
065007	Hall, Clara, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	4.7	11.3	12.7	6.0	6.3
	Third Quarter	~	37.5	26.4	10.9	18.0	20.3
	Second Quarter	~	25.0	41.5	30.9	48.0	35.9
	First Quarter	~	32.8	20.8	45.5	28.0	37.5
	Median Percentile Rank	~	41.0	41.5	28.0	34.5	33.4

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
065008	Humble, Sallie, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	47.2	40.7	22.2	18.3	23.2
	Third Quarter	~	32.1	33.9	28.6	32.4	25.0
	Second Quarter	~	13.2	18.6	28.6	26.8	28.6
	First Quarter	~	7.5	6.8	20.6	22.5	23.2
	Median Percentile Rank	~	72.0	68.0	49.5	54.0	47.7
065010	Jones, Berg, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	2.6	9.2	26.0	24.6	9.2
	Third Quarter	~	15.4	12.3	32.5	36.2	26.3
	Second Quarter	~	35.9	27.7	27.3	26.1	32.9
	First Quarter	~	46.2	50.8	14.3	13.0	31.6
	Median Percentile Rank	~	29.5	25.0	55.0	58.7	42.3
065012	Lexington Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	44.6	39.1	51.1	45.5	36.7
	Third Quarter	~	24.3	34.8	23.4	34.1	43.3
	Second Quarter	~	18.9	19.6	21.3	11.4	20.0
	First Quarter	~	12.2	6.5	4.3	9.1	0.0
	Median Percentile Rank	~	69.5	65.0	79.0	74.3	70.0
065013	Lincoln Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	5.9	6.1	23.5	13.6	12.5
	Third Quarter	~	26.5	28.6	33.8	20.3	34.4
	Second Quarter	~	41.2	36.7	23.5	28.8	32.8
	First Quarter	~	26.5	28.6	19.1	37.3	20.3
	Median Percentile Rank	~	41.3	34.0	54.8	35.0	49.0
065015	Ruffin, Minnie, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	20.0	13.5	8.8	22.0	17.6
	Third Quarter	~	37.5	17.3	24.6	22.0	20.6
	Second Quarter	~	27.5	40.4	40.4	37.3	32.4
	First Quarter	~	15.0	28.8	26.3	18.6	29.4
	Median Percentile Rank	~	53.5	34.0	42.0	45.3	44.0

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
065016	Sherrouse Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	34.9	28.3	27.3	38.5	40.0
	Third Quarter	~	27.9	23.9	41.8	30.8	35.0
	Second Quarter	~	23.3	30.4	23.6	25.6	15.0
	First Quarter	~	14.0	17.4	7.3	5.1	10.0
	Median Percentile Rank	~	62.0	52.0	58.0	71.0	67.0
065017	Tucker, Georgia, School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	24.2	8.8	7.3	15.2	9.1
	Third Quarter	~	27.3	35.3	19.5	30.3	15.2
	Second Quarter	~	36.4	11.8	31.7	24.2	60.6
	First Quarter	~	12.1	44.1	41.5	30.3	15.2
	Median Percentile Rank	~	52.0	36.0	41.0	44.3	41.0
065019	Martin Luther King Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	13.1	23.3	17.1	11.2	23.5
	Third Quarter	~	17.2	24.3	31.4	23.6	38.3
	Second Quarter	~	33.3	23.3	31.4	31.5	19.8
	First Quarter	~	36.4	29.1	20.0	33.7	18.5
	Median Percentile Rank	~	33.0	48.6	49.0	38.5	57.3

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
District							
	Fourth Quarter	~	17.3	19.3	19.8	19.0	20.2
	Third Quarter	~	25.3	24.8	27.3	26.1	27.1
	Second Quarter	~	30.3	28.9	28.5	30.1	31.1
	First Quarter	~	27.0	27.0	24.3	24.8	21.7
	Median Percentile Rank	~	43.8	44.3	48.4	47.4	48.6
State							
	Fourth Quarter	~	26.2	27.3	28.1	28.7	29.2
	Third Quarter	~	25.0	24.9	25.1	25.3	25.6
	Second Quarter	~	26.2	25.4	25.1	24.6	24.6
	First Quarter	~	22.7	22.4	21.7	21.4	20.6
	Median Percentile Rank	~	51.4	52.4	53.2	53.9	54.5
Nation							
	Fourth Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Third Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Second Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	First Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Median Percentile Rank	~	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8b: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 6
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
065001	Benton, Lida, School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	11.1	5.3	3.4	0.0	3.1
	Third Quarter	~	14.8	13.2	3.4	10.8	21.9
	Second Quarter	~	37.0	39.5	31.0	45.9	31.3
	First Quarter	~	37.0	42.1	62.1	43.2	43.8
	Median Percentile Rank	~	35.0	31.5	20.5	27.8	35.5
065004	Carver Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	5.9	3.2	0.0	2.9	0.0
	Third Quarter	~	17.6	19.4	7.3	14.3	17.6
	Second Quarter	~	44.1	41.9	70.7	60.0	61.8
	First Quarter	~	32.4	35.5	22.0	22.9	20.6
	Median Percentile Rank	~	32.0	33.3	34.0	33.2	33.3
065005	Clark, J.S., Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	8.8	32.3	32.3	41.9	37.5
	Third Quarter	~	16.2	20.0	26.2	22.6	34.7
	Second Quarter	~	44.1	36.9	32.3	25.8	19.4
	First Quarter	~	30.9	10.8	9.2	9.7	8.3
	Median Percentile Rank	~	35.1	53.0	58.7	66.5	67.3
065006	Faulk, Barkdull, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	5.7	7.4	5.9	13.2	31.0
	Third Quarter	~	20.0	25.9	32.4	47.4	34.5
	Second Quarter	~	51.4	51.9	41.2	31.6	31.0
	First Quarter	~	22.9	14.8	20.6	7.9	3.4
	Median Percentile Rank	~	40.0	39.0	43.6	58.3	65.0
065007	Hall, Clara, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	8.3	6.3	9.8	6.7	9.5
	Third Quarter	~	20.8	25.0	22.0	17.8	4.8
	Second Quarter	~	45.8	50.0	53.7	40.0	38.1
	First Quarter	~	25.0	18.8	14.6	35.6	47.6
	Median Percentile Rank	~	36.3	41.3	40.0	33.7	29.3

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8b: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 6
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
065008	Humble, Sallie, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	42.6	44.3	45.5	44.6	42.1
	Third Quarter	~	18.0	23.0	15.9	27.7	31.6
	Second Quarter	~	26.2	24.6	20.5	18.5	22.8
	First Quarter	~	13.1	8.2	18.2	9.2	3.5
	Median Percentile Rank	~	63.0	71.0	68.3	71.8	73.0
065010	Jones, Berg, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	4.8	6.5	15.8	12.2	13.6
	Third Quarter	~	11.3	14.5	63.2	14.3	28.8
	Second Quarter	~	40.3	41.9	21.1	40.8	33.3
	First Quarter	~	43.5	37.1	0.0	32.7	24.2
	Median Percentile Rank	~	27.5	30.0	60.0	33.7	46.0
065012	Lexington Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	35.4	35.2	32.7	34.7	62.5
	Third Quarter	~	33.8	29.6	25.5	30.6	12.5
	Second Quarter	~	23.1	25.9	34.5	30.6	25.0
	First Quarter	~	7.7	9.3	7.3	4.1	0.0
	Median Percentile Rank	~	67.0	66.0	60.0	65.0	80.5
065013	Lincoln Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	6.4	13.1	15.3	1.9	9.4
	Third Quarter	~	17.9	29.5	39.0	3.8	45.3
	Second Quarter	~	52.6	37.7	28.8	52.8	31.3
	First Quarter	~	23.1	19.7	16.9	41.5	14.1
	Median Percentile Rank	~	38.5	46.5	54.0	28.0	53.3
065015	Ruffin, Minnie, Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	10.0	15.4	17.4	21.8	17.9
	Third Quarter	~	25.0	26.2	19.6	16.4	32.1
	Second Quarter	~	45.0	40.0	52.2	50.9	42.9
	First Quarter	~	20.0	18.5	10.9	10.9	7.1
	Median Percentile Rank	~	38.7	45.0	43.8	46.0	51.3

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8b: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 6
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
065016	Sherrouse Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	17.0	21.3	15.8	35.3	19.6
	Third Quarter	~	27.7	38.3	21.1	26.5	39.1
	Second Quarter	~	48.9	23.4	31.6	17.6	37.0
	First Quarter	~	6.4	17.0	31.6	20.6	4.3
	Median Percentile Rank	~	48.0	52.5	42.3	62.0	54.0
065017	Tucker, Georgia, School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	16.2	8.0	9.1	29.6	9.1
	Third Quarter	~	43.2	32.0	22.7	33.3	9.1
	Second Quarter	~	27.0	48.0	40.9	22.2	59.1
	First Quarter	~	13.5	12.0	27.3	14.8	22.7
	Median Percentile Rank	~	54.0	43.8	37.0	63.0	39.5
065019	Martin Luther King Elementary School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	5.5	9.0	5.5	7.6	12.7
	Third Quarter	~	18.7	30.8	18.7	28.8	35.2
	Second Quarter	~	45.1	41.0	38.5	50.0	35.2
	First Quarter	~	30.8	19.2	37.4	13.6	16.9
	Median Percentile Rank	~	37.4	45.5	30.4	45.1	47.0
065022	Opportunity Learning Academy						
	Fourth Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	0.0
	Third Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	0.0
	Second Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
	First Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
	Median Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	~

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8b: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 6
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
District							
	Fourth Quarter	~	13.9	17.8	16.9	20.1	21.1
	Third Quarter	~	21.5	25.2	25.9	22.0	28.8
	Second Quarter	~	41.1	37.3	37.5	37.4	34.1
	First Quarter	~	23.6	19.7	19.7	20.5	16.0
	Median Percentile Rank	~	40.6	46.2	45.9	45.5	50.2
State							
	Fourth Quarter	~	18.4	19.1	19.9	20.3	20.8
	Third Quarter	~	23.0	23.6	24.0	23.9	24.6
	Second Quarter	~	31.2	30.3	29.4	29.6	29.3
	First Quarter	~	27.5	27.0	26.7	26.1	25.3
	Median Percentile Rank	~	43.3	44.7	45.4	45.8	46.7
Nation							
	Fourth Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Third Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Second Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	First Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Median Percentile Rank	~	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8c: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 8
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
065003	Carroll Junior High School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	7.0
	Third Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	27.2
	Second Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	35.4
	First Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	30.4
	Median Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	39.5
065009	Jefferson, Thomas, Junior High School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	5.3
	Third Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	19.2
	Second Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	37.0
	First Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	38.5
	Median Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	31.5
065011	Lee, Robert E., Junior High School						
	Fourth Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	28.2
	Third Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	25.8
	Second Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	31.9
	First Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	14.1
	Median Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	54.0
065022	Opportunity Learning Academy						
	Fourth Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	0.0
	Third Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	0.0
	Second Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	44.4
	First Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	55.6
	Median Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	19.0

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8c: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 8
Percent of Students by National Quarters, Median Percentile Rank - CAT/5

		1991-92	1992-93¹	1993-94	1994-95²	1995-96³	1996-97
District							
	Fourth Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	12.2
	Third Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	22.5
	Second Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	35.4
	First Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	29.9
	Median Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	39.2
State							
	Fourth Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	24.2
	Third Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	26.4
	Second Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	28.5
	First Quarter	~	~	~	~	~	20.8
	Median Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	51.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Third Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Second Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	First Quarter	~	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Median Percentile Rank	~	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0

¹ In 1992-93, the state NRT changed from the CAT/Form F to the CAT/5; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

² The state 1994-95 NRT average for grade 4 does not include Allen Parish.

³ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

~ = Unavailable Data

Part 5. College Readiness

American College Test (ACT) Results	5-1
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American College Test (ACT) Results

Scores on the American College Test (ACT) are widely used as an indicator of student preparedness for college. Most Louisiana public colleges and universities require that entering students take the ACT for admissions or placement purposes.

Organization

Table 9, American College Test (ACT) Results, presents average composite scores for graduating seniors for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*. Schools are shown in school site code order. Comparison data are presented for the district (public schools only), the state (public and nonpublic schools combined), and the nation (public and nonpublic schools combined).

The ACT results shown include test scores for 1) twelfth graders who took the test in the current year and 2) twelfth graders who took the test as eleventh graders and elected not to retake it as seniors. If a student took the test in both the eleventh and twelfth grades, only the twelfth grade score has been included.

Data Presentation: *School Report Card*

A college readiness indicator that includes ACT information is presented on the *1996-97 School Report Cards* of those schools that have a twelfth grade. The *Report Cards* present 1996-97 average ACT composite scores at the school, district, state, and national levels.

Method of Calculation

The ACT composite score is an average score based on the scores for the four ACT assessment tests (English, mathematics, reading, and science reasoning). The composite score, which ranges from 1 to 36, is a measure of the student's general educational development across these four subject areas.

Data Source

The ACT indicator is based on student-level data supplied to the LDE by the testing contractor, American College Testing.

References

Franklin, B.J., and Crone, L.J., (1993, April). *Louisiana Progress Profiles*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Educational Research Association, Atlanta, Ga.

LDE researchers have found the ACT performance of Louisiana students correlates highly with their performance on LEAP (CRT and NRT) tests. Further, those districts with the highest percentage of students taking the ACT have the highest ACT scores. This finding tends to dispute a widely-held assumption that the higher the percentage of students taking the ACT, the lower the average score (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

Table 9: American College Test (ACT) Results
Average Composite Scores

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
065002 Carroll High School	16.8	16.2	16.6	15.8	16.6	16.6
065014 Neville High School	20.1	19.9	19.4	19.3	18.9	18.9
065018 Wossman High School	16.6	16.4	16.2	16.9	16.3	17.2
District (Public)	18.1	17.9	17.5	17.4	17.4	17.8
State (Public and Nonpublic)	19.4	19.5	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.4
Nation (Public and Nonpublic)	20.6	20.7	20.8	20.8	20.9	21.0

~ = Unavailable Data

First-Time Freshman Performance

The number of freshmen who enroll in remedial courses during their first semester of college is one measure of the extent to which high school graduates are prepared for college.

Since 1987, the Louisiana Board of Regents has collected and reported information on the number of Louisiana high school graduates who enroll in Louisiana colleges and universities the following fall and enroll in remedial/developmental courses. The 1993 Legislature, believing that parents should have access to this information, enacted legislation mandating that this first-time college freshmen data be incorporated into the *Progress Profiles*.

Organization

Table 10, First-time College Freshmen Performance, presents the number and percent of students who 1) graduated from *Report Card* schools and 2) enrolled as first-time freshmen during the following fall semester at any of the state's two- and four-year public and private universities. The table also reports the number and percent of first-time college freshmen who were enrolled in at least one remedial course during their first regular semester of college study.

Data Presentation: *School Report Card*

The college readiness indicator that includes first-time college freshmen information is presented on the 1996-97 *School Report Cards* of schools that have a twelfth grade.

Note: The first-time college freshmen data reported on 1996-97 School Report Cards represent information on 1995-96 high school graduates.

Definitions

- *First-time college freshman*—a student who graduates from high school during a given school year and is enrolled full time in a Louisiana higher education institution the following fall semester. A student must begin the fall semester with fewer than 12 hours of credit previously attempted (not including advanced placement credits and correspondence study) to be considered a first-time freshman.

Formula Used to Calculate First-time College Freshmen Percentages

$$\frac{\text{Percent of High School Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen}}{\text{Total Number of High School Graduates}} = \frac{\text{Number of First-time College Freshmen}}{\text{Total Number of High School Graduates}} \times 100$$

$$\frac{\text{Percent of First-time College Freshmen Who Enrolled in a Remedial Course}}{\text{Total Number of First-time College Freshmen}} = \frac{\text{Number of First-time College Freshmen Who Enrolled in a Remedial Course}}{\text{Total Number of First-time College Freshmen}} \times 100$$

-
- *Graduate*—a student who successfully completes a BESE-approved education program, passes the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE), and thus earns a state-approved diploma. Students who earn GEDs are not included.
 - *Remedial course*—a course designed by a university to prepare students to succeed academically in college-level courses. Remedial/developmental courses may be offered for college credit (i.e., they are taken into consideration in determining whether students are enrolled part time or full time) but do not carry degree credit.

Method of Calculation

The two formulas used in calculating the first-time college freshmen indicator are presented on the preceding page. The percent of high school graduates who become first-time college freshmen is calculated for public school graduates who attend in-state public colleges and universities.

Data Sources

The first-time college freshmen indicator is based on data submitted to the LDE by Louisiana public and private universities to LDE in compliance with La. R.S. 17:3912 (since repealed).

Table 10
First-time College Freshmen Performance

		1991-92		1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97	
		<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>
065002	Carroll High School												
	Number of High School Graduates ¹		~		120		156		118		135		159
	HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	~	~	40.83	49	27.56	43	28.81	34	37.78	51	35.22	56
	First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	~	~	69.39	34	76.74	33	50.00	17	50.98	26	75.00	42
065014	Neville High School												
	Number of High School Graduates ¹		~		166		157		150		153		193
	HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	~	~	56.63	94	52.23	82	56.67	85	62.09	95	38.34	74
	First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	~	~	51.06	48	52.44	43	50.59	43	47.37	45	59.46	44
065018	Wossman High School												
	Number of High School Graduates ¹		~		134		130		158		142		185
	HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	~	~	40.30	54	37.69	49	42.41	67	40.14	57	29.19	54
	First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	~	~	74.07	40	53.06	26	71.64	48	68.42	39	77.78	42
District (Public)													
	Number of High School Graduates ¹		~		420		443		426		430		537
	HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	~	~	46.90	197	39.28	174	43.66	186	47.21	203	34.26	184
	First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	~	~	61.93	122	58.62	102	58.06	108	54.19	110	69.56	128
State (Public)													
	Number of High School Graduates ¹		~		33,593		33,772		34,937		36,275		36,407
	HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	~	~	38.66	12,986	44.15	14,912	40.30	14,079	40.27	14,608	37.62	13,697
	First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	~	~	53.70	6,973	55.00	8,201	47.77	6,726	48.64	7,106	49.93	6,839

¹ Represents graduates from the previous school year.

~ = Unavailable data

aggregate days attendance—the sum of the total number of days that students are *present* at the school site over the course of the school year.

aggregate days membership—the sum of the total number of days that students are *enrolled* (but not necessarily *present* at the school site) over the course of the school year.

class—a grouping of children under the primary supervision and instruction of an individual teacher for all or part of the instructional day, as reported for purposes of the *Annual School Report* (ASR) and identifiable by a specific ASR course code.

combination school category—any school whose grade structure falls within the range PK-12 and is not described by any of the other school category definitions. These schools generally contain some grades in the K-6 range and grades in the 9-12 range. Examples would include grade configurations such as K-12, K-3, 9-12, 4-6, and 9-12.

criterion-referenced test (CRT)—tests that produce a score that tells how individuals/schools perform in achieving an established criterion; LEAP CRT results (as reported by *Progress Profiles*) show the number and percent of Louisiana students who meet or exceed state curriculum content standards.

cumulative enrollment—the sum of all students enrolled in a school or district for at least one school day during the course of the school year, used as the denominator for calculating school- and district-level suspension and expulsion percents.

day of attendance—a student is considered in attendance when he or she 1) is physically present at a school site or is participating in an authorized school activity and 2) is under the supervision of authorized personnel. This definition extends to students who are homebound, assigned to and participating in drug rehabilitation programs that contain a state-approved education component, or participating in school-authorized field trips.

“Students who meet the above criteria and are present at the school site for 26-50% of the student’s instructional day shall be credited with a half day’s attendance. Those who meet the above

criteria and are present for at least 51% of the student’s instructional day are credited with a whole day’s attendance. Students who are not physically present or who are participating for 25% or less of their instructional day will be considered absent for reporting purposes. Absences, whether excused or unexcused, shall be counted as an absence for reporting to the Department.” (Bulletin 741)

dropout—the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) defines a dropout as “an individual who was enrolled in school at some time during the previous school year, was not enrolled at the beginning of the current school year, has not graduated from high school or completed an approved educational program, and does not meet any of the following exclusive conditions: transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved education program; temporary absence due to suspension or school-approved illness; or death.”

“For purposes of applying the dropout definition, the following definitions also apply:

1. A school year is defined as the 12-month period of time beginning October 1 and ending September 30.
2. A school completer is an individual who has graduated from high school or completed a state- or district-approved education program.
3. A state or district approved program is one that leads to receipt of formal recognition from school authorities. It may include special education programs, home-based instruction, and school-sponsored secondary (but **NOT** adult) programs leading to a GED or some other certification differing from the regular diploma” (NCES, 1993).

elementary school category—any school whose grade structure falls within the range PK-8 and excludes grades 9-12.

faculty—school-based instructional personnel. In addition to full-time classroom teachers, these individuals include principals, assistant principals, guidance counselors, librarians, and other instructional staff (provided they teach at least one course).

first-time college freshman—a student who graduates from high school during a given school year and is enrolled full time in a Louisiana higher education institution the following fall semester. A student must begin the fall semester with fewer than 12 hours credit previously attempted (not including advanced placement credits and correspondence study) to be considered a first-time freshman.

graduate—a student who successfully completes a BESE-approved education program, passes the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE), and thus earns a state-approved diploma. Students who earn GEDs are not included.

high school category—any school whose grade structure falls within the range 6-12 and includes grades 10-12, or any school that contains only grade 9.

in-school expulsion—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a period of time specified by the LEA and no interruption of instructional services occurs.

in-school suspension—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a minimum of one complete school day and no interruption of instructional services occurs.

median national percentile rank—for the school, district, or state is determined by ordering all scores from high to low and selecting the middle rank. This shows the percentage of the national norm group that scored below the middle score.

middle/junior high category—any school whose grade structure falls within the range 4-9, includes grades 7 or 8 and excludes grades, PK-3 and 10-12.

norm-referenced test (NRT)—tests that produce a score that tells how individuals/schools perform in comparison with other individuals/schools; LEAP NRT results (as reported by *Progress Profiles*) show how Louisiana schools perform when compared with the district, state, and nation.

October 1 membership—total number of students enrolled in a school on October 1, which is operationally defined by NCES as the first day of the academic school year.

out-of-school expulsion—removal (exit) of a student from school for a determined number of days with no provision of instructional services.

out-of-school suspension—student is temporarily prohibited from participation in his/her usual placement within school with no provision of instructional service; only suspensions resulting in removal for at least one full day are included.

percent of student attendance—the ratio of aggregate days student attendance to aggregate days membership.

remedial course—a course designed by a university to prepare students to succeed academically in college-level courses. Remedial/developmental courses may be offered for college credit (i.e., they are taken into consideration in determining whether students are part-time or full-time) but do not carry degree credit.